

МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ
РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ
ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ
ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
«ЕЛЕЦКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ
ИМ. И. А. БУНИНА»

О.М. КУДРЯВЦЕВА

**Контрольно-измерительные материалы
по английскому языку
Учебное пособие**

Елец – 2019

Рецензенты:

М.П. Черновол, кандидат педагогических наук,
доцент кафедры иностранных языков и методики их преподавания
Елецкого государственного университета им. И.А. Бунина

Н.В. Распутина, учитель иностранного языка,
заместитель директора по учебной работе
НОУ гимназии «Альтернатива» г. Елец

О.М. Кудрявцева – автор-составитель

Test by Test Контрольно-измерительные материалы по английскому языку: учебное пособие. — Елец: Елецкий государственный университет им. И.А. Бунина, 2019. – 94с.

Пособие представляет собой сборник контрольно-измерительных тестов, позволяющих проверить знания студентов по грамматике и лексике английского языка, этикету, форме написания письма. Учебное пособие может быть использовано для промежуточного и итогового контроля.

Для студентов, изучающих иностранный язык как дополнительную специальность, а также изучающих английский язык самостоятельно.

© Елецкий государственный
университет им. И.А. Бунина,
2019

Предисловие

Учебное пособие «Test by test. Контрольно-измерительные материалы по английскому языку» разработано в соответствии с учебной программой дисциплин «Иностранный язык», «Практический курс иностранного языка», которые являются частью основной профессиональной образовательной программы высшего образования по направлению подготовки 44.03.05. Педагогическое образование (с двумя профилями подготовки), профиль: Начальное образование; Иностранный язык.

Пособие можно использовать как для работы в аудитории, так и для самостоятельной работы.

Благодаря наличию ключей, преподаватель и студенты, изучающие английский язык, могут проверить уровень знаний и определить, на что следует обратить внимание, чтобы ликвидировать обнаруженные пробелы.

PRONOUNS AND DETERMINERS

TEST

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. ... work was examined carefully and assessed objectively.
a) Every; b) Any; c) Each; d) Some.
2. ... picture in this art gallery has its exciting story.
a) Each; b) Every; c) Any; d) Some.
3. ... teachers prefer working with industrious and intelligent pupils.
a) We; b) Us; c) Ourselves; d) For us.
4. Mary had to repair the car
a) on herself; b) herself; c) in herself; d) by herself.
5. Elisa is an old ... You can trust her.
a) friend of me; b) friend of my; c) friend of mine; d) my friend.
6. The politicians should blame only ... when they cause a tragedy.
a) them; b) themselves; c) their; d) their own.
7. The house ... is very beautiful, but the bathroom leaves much to be desired.
a) on its own; b) itself; c) on itself; d) as itself.
8. "Can you feel... at ease abroad?"
a) yourself; b) you; c) -; d) on your own.
9. ... must be another road to the lake near the village.
a) It; b) -; c) There it; d) There.
10. Jane doesn't want to go to the club. She says ... dull place.
a) it is a; b) it is; c) there is a; d) there a.
11. "Would you like ... tea to relax?"
a) any; b) some; c) anything; d) something.
12. If ... is going to apply for the job, he should contact Mary.
a) anybody; b) somebody; c) no one; d) one.
13. Nobody realized ... responsibility for the tragedy.
a) its; b) them; c) their; d) themselves.
14. Carol draws ... and can help to decorate the paper.
a) little; b) a little; c) some; d) a few.
15. ... businessmen are hard-working, intelligent and communicative.
a) Most; b) The most; c) The many; d) Mostly.
16. Half ... went to the garden to have a cup of tea.
a) of us; b) us; c) of our; d) of ourselves.
17. Susan works ... abroad and sees her relatives very little.
a) most year; b) much year; c) most of the year; d) many of year.
18. Carol hasn't read anything about astronomy. John....
a) hasn't either; b) has either; c) hasn't neither; d) didn't either

19. Jane searched for this word in two dictionaries, and ... of them explained its meaning.

a) none; b) neither; c) no one; d) nor.

20. Elisa has read ... and she claims it is worth reading.

a) all book; b) whole book; c) the book whole; d) the whole book.

Вариант 2

Choose the right variant.

1. Jane enjoys working on projects ... because it gives her freedom to express herself.

a) on her own; b) on my own; c) her own; d) on herself own.

2. - Who composed the songs for your performance? - Nobody. I composed them

a) on myself; b) by myself; c) myself; d) on myself own.

3. If you want to write a good composition, ... and you will do it easily.

a) concentrate yourself; b) concentrate; c) concentrate on yourself; d) concentrate on your own.

4. I saw light in Mary's windows. ... somebody at home.

a) there must; b) it must have been; c) there was; d) it is.

5. ... who wants to go on an excursion must give me their names today.

a) Any; b) Some; c) Somebody; d) Anybody.

6. ... of this money is mine.

a) No; b) Not any; c) None; d) Nothing.

7. Susan spoke ... Russian, so we were able to communicate with her.

a) little; b) some little; c) a little; d) a few.

8. ... the people that I meet are interesting to communicate with.

a) Any; b) Some of; c) Some; d) Somebody.

9. We've been to many hotels, ... of them had any rooms.

a) none; b) neither; c) either; d) no one.

10. ... of us went to London last summer, ... enjoyed the trip.

a) Everybody, everybody; b) Everybody, all; c) All, everybody; d) All, all.

11. Jane looked at the pictures and realized that... of them was of a different colour.

a) each; b) every; c) all; d) everybody.

12. There are many students in our group, and ... of them must pass an exam.

a) each; b) every; c) everyone; d) everybody.

13. "Is it... flat?" - "No, it is my mother's."

a) own; b) of your own; c) an own; d) your own.

14. "Don't worry about me, just enjoy"

a) on yourself; b) by yourself; c) yourself; d) your own.

15. ... not worth trying to keep up with Caroline in chemistry. You won't ever do it.

- a) *There is*; b) *It*; c) *It's*; d) -.
16. "Where shall we go on holiday?" - "... It doesn't matter."
a) *Somewhere*; b) *Anywhere*; c) *Any*; d) *To anywhere*.
17. There was complete silence in the room ... said
a) *nobody, anything*; b) *somebody, anything*; c) *anybody, nothing*; d) *anybody, anything*.
18. When Catherine was young, she used to go out
a) *much*; b) *a lot*; c) *a lot of*; d) *many times*.
19. Today ... people would defend Victorian attitude to children.
a) *a few*; b) *little*; c) *much*; d) *few*.
20. ... are going to succeed it life.
a) *All of us*; b) *All us*; c) *Much of us*; d) *Many us*.

TENSES

TEST 1

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. John usually ... for a walk in the evening.
a) *gone*; b) *will go*; c) *go*; d) *goes*.
2. George often ... to school.
a) *walked*; b) *walks*; c) *will walk*; d) *is walking*.
3. "How often do you ... this engineer here?"
a) *meets*; b) *met*; c) *meet*; d) *have met*.
4. Ann ... a lot of foreign letters at the office last week.
a) *translated*; b) *had translated*; c) *have translated*; d) *have been translating*.
5. They ... a lot of articles from these French magazines last week-end.
a) *had discussed*; b) *discussed*; c) *discuss*; d) *has been translating*.
6. "When ... return home?"
a) *have they*; b) *had they*; c) *did they*; d) *are they*.
7. Helen ... this book 4 times.
a) *read*; b) *have read*; c) *had read*; d) *had read*.
8. Mary ... in the same flat since 1980.
a) *has lived*; b) *had lived*; c) *lives*; d) *will live*.
9. We ... our reports.
a) *have already written*; b) *already have written*; c) *have written already*; d) *have written yet*.
10. Her parents ... what to do
a) *haven't decided, already*; b) *hasn't decided, yet*; c) *hasn't decided, already*; d) *haven't decided, yet*.
11. Nick ... learnt the poem.
a) *have yet*; b) *have already*; c) *has already*; d) *has yet*.
12. I don't have money,... I really need a new dress.

- a) *already*; b) *in case*; c) *in spite*; d) *but*.
13. Kate ... in Moscow for ten years.
a) *have been working*; b) *has been working*; c) *worked*; d) *works*.
14. Mike ... to school before we came home.
a) *has gone*; b) *have gone*; c) *had gone*; d) *gone*.
15. She told us last week that she ... Austria last summer.
a) *has visited*; b) *had visited*; c) *visited*; d) *visits*.
16. After John ... his homework, he ... his grandmother.
a) *had done, visited*; b) *done, had visited*; c) *did, had visited*; d) *done, visited*.
17. My grandmother ... at school for 30 years before she retired.
a) *has been working*; b) *have been working*;
c) *had been working*; d) *had worked*.
18. "... you like to leave?"
a) *do*; b) *are*; c) *would*; d) *will*.
19. If my headache ..., we can go to the cinema.
a) *disappeared*; b) *disappears*; c) *will disappear*; d) *disappear*.
20. If today it ... Saturday, we ... to the beach.
a) *were, could go*; b) *was, gone*; c) *were, went*; d) *was, could go*.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. "I don't understand this sentence. What...?"
a) *does mean this word*; b) *does this word mean*;
c) *means this word*; d) *this word is mean*.
2. "How ... now? Better than before?"
a) *you are feeling*; b) *do you feel*; c) *is you feeling*; d) *your feeling is*.
3. Ana has lost her umbrella again. It's the third time this....
a) *has happened*; b) *happens*; c) *happened*; d) *is happened*.
4. "Where's the film I gave you? What... with it?"
a) *have you done*; b) *have you been doing*; c) *are you doing*; d) *have you do*.
5. We're good friends. We ... each other for a long time.
a) *know*; b) *have known*; c) *have been knowing*; d) *knew*.
6. It's five years ... Liz.
a) *that I don't see*; b) *that I haven't seen*; c) *since I didn't see*; d) *since I saw*.
7. The Chinese ... chess.
a) *invented*; b) *have invented*; c) *had invented*; d) *invents*.
8. ... a house when they were living in Paris?
a) *Had they*; b) *Did they have*; c) *Were they having*; d) *Have they had*.
9. That bag looks heavy ... you with it.
a) *I'm helping*; b) *I help*; c) *I'll help*; d) *help*.

10. "Mary is in hospital." - "Yes, I know. ... her tomorrow."
a) I visit; b) I'm going to visit; c) I'll visit; d) I'll visiting.
11. Don't worry ... late tonight.
a) if I am; b) when I am; c) when I'll be; d) if I'll be.
12. "How long... here?"
a) you live; b) do you live; c) have you lived; d) are you living.
13. "What... at 11 o'clock last night?"
a) have you done; b) were you doing; c) have you been doing; d) had you done.
14. We'd rather ... to bed early last night.
a) to have gone; b) to go; c) going; d) have gone.
15. "Have you ever been to Italy?" - "Yes, I ... there in 1993."
a) have gone; b) went; c) have been going; d) have been.
16. "How long have you worked here?" - "By the end of the month I... here for five years."
a) 'll work; b) 'm going to work; c) 'll have been working; d) 'll be working.
17. "We'll need some Coke for the party." - "I... some."
a) buy; b) will have bought; c) 've already bought; d) had bought
18. "I need to give a message to Ann." — "I ... her at the office this afternoon."
a) see; b) have seen; c) 'll have seen; d) 'll be seeing.
19. The president went home when he ... with the conference.
a) had finished; b) have finished; c) has finished; d) finished.
20. Because they ... away, they hardly ever go to the beach anymore.
a) moved; b) has moved; c) have moved; d) had moved.

TEST 2

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. I have lost my key again. I... things.
a) always lose; b) am always losing; c) have always lost; d) was always losing.
2. John is having a driving lesson. It is the first time he ... a car.
a) drives; b) is driving; c) has driven; d) driven.
3. We were good friends. We ... each other for years.
a) had known; b) had been knowing; c) knew; d) know.
4. We should ... Tom about the change in plans regarding our weekend trip to the mountains.
a) have informed; b) informed; c) have been informed; d) had been informed.
5. Food prices have been ... so rapidly in the past few months that some families have been ... to alter their eating habits.

a) raised, forced; b) raising, forcing; c) raised, forcing; d) raising, forced.

6. The homework that your teacher assigned is due on Tuesday unless you ... prior arrangements to turn it in later.

a) had made; b) have made; c) made; d) was making.

7. It... until the fifteenth century that the Earth revolves around the sun.

a) was not believed; b) is not believed; c) has not been believed; d) had not been believed.

8. Sally said that she ... the procedures for doing the experiment, but when we began to work in the laboratory, she found that she was mistaken.

a) has known; b) had known; c) knew; d) knows.

9. The president... to the cabinet members that he was going to negotiate a new treaty with the foreign minister.

a) has mentioned; b) mentioned; c) had mentioned; d) was mentioning.

10. The conquerors ... not only the gold and silver they were needed to replenish the badly depleted treasury but also the supplies that were vital to the colonists.

a) stole; b) had stolen; c) were stealing; d) have been stealing.

11. Hundreds of houses and other buildings... by the raging tropical storm, which later developed into a hurricane.

a) have destroyed; b) destroyed; c) have been destroyed; d) had been destroyed.

12. The police ... away the parked cars because they were blocking the entrance.

a) has towed; b) has been towing; c) towed; d) had towed.

13. Ecologists are trying to preserve our environment for future generations by protecting the ozone layer and also the.

14. A new procedure ... by the company before the bankruptcy hearings began. *a) was developed; b) was developing; c) has been developed; d) had been developed.*

15. The dispute between the faculty and the administration ... until the faculty members got better working conditions.

a) had not been resolved; b) had not resolved; c) did not resolve; d) has not resolved.

16. Having wandered through the mountain passes for days, the hikers ... an abandoned shack where they could take shelter.

a) discovered; b) had discovered; c) discover; d) were discovering.

17. It was not raining when we went out. The sun was shining. But it... all night, so the ground was wet.

a) was raining; b) rained; c) had been raining; d) have been raining.

18. There was somebody walking behind us. We felt....

a) were followed; b) were following; c) were being followed; d) were being following.

19. Max likes to change his clothes very much. This is the sixth time that he ... his clothes today.

a) has changed; b) changed; c) had changed; d) changes.

20. I... an Oxford dictionary since I began to learn English.

a) had been using; b) was using; c) used; d) have been using.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. In winter Mary... skiing in Switzerland.

a) is; b) goes; c) is going; d) have been.

2. I... I won't tell her your secret.

a) promise; b) will promise; c) am promising; d) was promising.

3. She... in getting the job because she... very hard to meet the requirements.

a) is succeeding, was studying; b) succeeded, studied;

c) succeeded, studied; d) succeeded, had studied.

4. "... you see her last night or ... you occupied with your composition?"

a) Have, were; b) Did, did; c) Did, have been; d) Did, were.

5. Mary is in Paris. She ... modeling.

a) is studying; b) studies; c) is being studying; d) studied.

6. The prices on petrol... very fast.

a) rise; b) raise; c) are rising; d) has raised.

7. - Can I speak to Jane, please?-She is busy. She ... a bath.

a) takes; b) is taking; c) was taking; d) enjoys.

8. The report... very interesting facts about cloning.

a) was containing; b) consists; c) contains; d) is containing.

9. I hope I will get the answer soon. I... the company's president on

Monday, *a) am meeting; b) meet; c) have meeting; d) was to meeting.*

10. Mary is ill. Now she ... recovered soon.

a) wish; b) will wish; c) is wishing; d) wishes.

11. Last week this time I... with Mary.

a) was playing golf; b) have played golf; c) played golf; d) was in golf.

12. When I... they... on the project.

a) came home, were working, b) was coming home, worked; c) came home, worked; d) come, work.

13. "What... at 5 o'clock this afternoon? I need to know".

a) did you; b) were you doing; c) you were doing; d) do you do.

14. Jane ... the cake for the Sunday's party last night.

a) cooked; b) cooks; c) is to cook; d) was cooking.

15. You ... pale. You'd better not go to the swimming pool with us.

a) are looking; b) looked; c) were looking; d) look.

16. I... thesis at the moment. I will show it to you when I've finished it.

a) wrote; b) am writing; c) write; d) was writing.

17. Computers can.. information.
a) do reading, finding and storing; b) to read, find and store; c) read, found and stored; d) read, find and store.
18. My grandmother ... in the country. She has lived there all her life.
a) lives; b) will live; c) lived; d) is living.
19. Jane usually ... in performances, but now she
a) takes part, is not going to do it; b) is taking part, is not; c) takes part, is neither; d) to take part, is not going to do it.
20. Mary cannot understand why her brother ... with her. He is not usually like that.
a) was ruding; b) is rude; c) is being so rude; d) was being so rude.

PERFECT TENSES

TEST

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. We are late. The film... by the time we get to the cinema.
a) is already started; b) would be already started; c) has already started; d) will already have started.
2. The achievements of scientists in the field of curing cancer ... radical results yet.
a) haven't shown; b) didn't shown; c) doesn't show; d) don't show.
3. I called for the doctor this morning. It is already afternoon, but he ... yet.
a) doesn't come; b) didn't come; c) hasn't come; d) hadn't come
4. I wasn't hungry at lunchtime so I didn't have anything to eat. I ... a big breakfast.
a) have had; b) had; c) had been having; d) had had.
5. My friend Nick went to England to work for a probationary period three months ago and I... only two letters since that time.
a) did not received; b) has received; c) received; d) have received.
6. I am not sure if he ... the article by the 1st of October.
a) writes; b) would have written; c) will have written; d) will write.
7. "How long ... in use?" — "Oh, it is a very old model, but we got used to it."
a) have your washing-machine been; b) was your washing-machine; c) did your washing-machine been; d) has your washing-machine been.
8. My sister Carrie ... by eight cm this year.
a) has grown; b) grown; c) has been growing; d) did grown.
9. After Allan ... for twenty minutes, he realized that his jacket had been lying on the table the entire time.
a) was searching; b) have searched; c) had search; d) had searched.

10. My sister is a writer. She ... many books.
a) had written; b) has written; c) wrote; d) will have written.
11. The man sitting next to me on the plane was nervous because he... before.
a) hadn't flown; b) hasn't flown; c) didn't fly; d) wasn't flying.
12. You went to Tom's house but he wasn't there. He ...out.
a) have gone; b) had gone; c) gone; d) will have gone.
13. Sally always leaves for work at 8.30 in the morning, so she won't be at home at 9 o'clock. She ... to work.
a) will go; b) will gone; c) will has gone; d) will have gone.
14. We ... anything principally new from our lecturer it the last few days.
a) didn't heard; b) haven't heard; c) do not hear; d) haven't been hearing.
15. The train ... by the time we come to the station.
a) will already have left; b) will already have leave; c) has already left; d) had already left.
16. I was the last to leave the office. Everybody else ... home.
a) had gone; b) had went; c) have gone; d) had had gone.
17. What I said was stupid. I wish I... anything.
a) didn't say; b) haven't said; c) hadn't said; d) hadn't say.
18. By the time you get home, you will forget everything I...you.
a) have tell; b) had told; c) have told; d) have been telling.
19. Chuck came to Britain from the USA nearly three years ago. Next Monday it will be exactly three years. So on Monday he ... in Britain for exactly three years.
a) will has been; b) will have been; c) would have been; d) will be.
20. Everybody knew that they ... friends since childhood.
a) are; b) were; c) have been; d) had been.

Вариант 2

Choose the right variant.

1. They... a new car and now they have to be very economical.
a) bought; b) have bought; c) had bought; d) would have bought
2. You ... the whole picture - look!
a) have spoiled; b) spoiled; c) had spoiled; d) spoil.
3. He ... often been to Madrid.
a) had; b) has; c) was; d) is.
4. We ... ten countries this year.
a) visited; b) has visited; c) had visited; d) have visited.
5. "Do you know Tom?" - "Yes, he is a very honest man and he ... a lot in his difficult life."
a) did; b) has done; c) have done; d) have been done.
6. I ... Sam for ages.

- a) *did not see*; b) *has not seen*; c) *had not seen*; d) *have not seen*.
7. We still... life on other planets.
a) *did not discovered*; b) *had not discovered*; c) *was not discovered*; d) *have not discovered*.
8. They ... an astronaut to Saturn yet.
a) *have not sent*; b) *did not send*; c) *has not sent*; d) *had not sent*.
9. She will be at the bus stop in a minute. She ... never late for the bus.
a) *has been*; b) *had been*; c) *have been*; d) *is*.
10. "Where were you? I... for you for an hour!"
a) *was waiting*; b) *have been waiting*; c) *had been waiting*; d) *was waiting*.
11. I ... already ... my homework.
a) *have, done*; b) *—, did*; c) *had, did*; d) *have, did*.
12. I... my homework for three hours and I still have a lot to do.
a) *had done*; b) *was doing*; c) *did*; d) *have been doing*.
13. I the newspaper today.
a) *read*; b) *have written*; c) *have read*; d) *had read*.
14. I ... this book for a week and I have not finished it yet.
a) *had read*; b) *was reading*; c) *have been reading*; d) *had bee reading*.
15. When I ... some fruit, I went back to the beach.
a) *bought*; b) *have bought*; c) *has bought*; d) *had bought*.
16. After they..., they cleared the table.
a) *eaten*; b) *have eaten*; c) *had eaten*; d) *have eat*.
17. She told us that she ... the answer.
a) *found*; b) *has found*; c) *had found*; d) *has find*.
18. When I came to the party, she
a) *left*; b) *had left*; c) *have left*; d) *has left*.
19. When I arrived at the party, she ... already
a) *had, left*; b) *—, left*; c) *have, left*; d) *has, left*.
20. They... for five hours before they reached the top of the mountain.
a) *had been climbing*; b) *has been climbing*; c) *were climbing*; d) *have been climbing*.

MODAL VERBS

TEST 1

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. She said that she ... play the violin from the age of six.
a) *could*; b) *can*; c) *might*; d) *has to*.
2. You ... use only these chemicals if you want to carry out an experiment.
a) *may*; b) *should*; c) *must*; d) *should to*.
3. "... I help you with the composition or will you do it on your own?"

- a) *Must*; b) *Shall*; c) *Will*; d) *May*.
4. You ... be polite if you want to make a favourable impression on people.
a) *must*; b) *should*; c) *have to*; d) *ought to*.
5. "... I have some time off to go for a walk?"
a) *Could*; b) *Must*; c) *Would*; d) *Might*.
6. He ... in the office yesterday. I called him, but nobody answered.
a) *can't be*; b) *can't have been*; c) *couldn't have been*; d) *could to not be*.
7. - Why do you tell me to take an umbrella?-It... rain today.
a) *must*; b) *might*; c) *will*; d) *can*.
8. Susan wants to be an actress. I'm not sure, but I think she ... succeed.
a) *must*; b) *can*; c) *will*; d) *might*.
9. He ... still be at school. It is already 6 o'clock.
a) *can't*; b) *mustn't*; c) *might*; d) *should to*.
10. "Please, don't disturb Jane. She ... for an exam."
a) *might prepare*; b) *might be preparing*; c) *might to prepare*; d) *might have been preparing*.
11. "... you give me a hand with this article? It is so difficult!"
a) *Shall*; b) *Will*; c) *Would*; d) *Can't*.
12. Mary has made an invention. She... be very intelligent.
a) *might*; b) *can*; c) *should*; d) *must*.
- 13.- Do you speak any foreign languages?
- I'm fluent in English and... speak Spanish a little bit.
a) *may*; b) *can*; c) *might*; d) *could*.
14. "... you apply for the job if you were me?"
a) *Would*; b) *Could*; c) *Will*; d) *Should*.
15. Jane passed the exam with a high score. She ... very hard to do it.
a) *must study*; b) *must studied*; c) *must have been studying*; d) *must have studied*.
16. Helen told me that I... stay at her house in summer.
a) *can*; b) *could*; c) *would*; d) *might*.
17. You ... speak so loudly. I can easily hear you.
a) *need to*; b) *need not to*; c) *no need*; d) *needn't*.
18. - I don't know why Mary disagreed to come to the party.
- She ... busy with her thesis.
a) *might have been*; b) *must be*; c) *must have been*; d) *might was*.
19. "The cake smells delicious. ... I order a piece?"
a) *Should*; b) *Shall*; c) *Must*; d) *Will*.
20. Don't listen to what Caroline is saying. She ... telling lies.
a) *must be*; b) *might be*; c) *must*; d) *might*.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. The teacher was angry because we hadn't done our homework. We ... it.
a) *must have done*; b) *ought to have done*; c) *should have done*; d) *may do*.
2. "Whoever knocked at the door, you... open it", - said the mother to her child before going to work.
a) *must*; b) *should*; c) *mustn't*; d) *needn't*.
3. She ... a famous dancer but she had broken her leg in her childhood.
a) *was able to become*; b) *could become*; c) *could have become*; d) *could to become*.
4. "I haven't seen our neighbours for ages. They ... have gone away."
a) *must*; b) *should*; c) *need to*; d) *are to*.
5. I really ... to go to work tomorrow, but I feel so bad that I will probably stay at home for some more days.
a) *must*; b) *ought*; c) *might*; d) *may*.
6. You... matches. There may be gas somewhere near here.
a) *needn't light*; b) *don't need to light*; c) *mustn't light*; d) *haven't to light*.
7. Passengers ... carry more than one piece of hand luggage into the aircraft.
a) *mustn't*; b) *can't*; c) *shouldn't*; d) *needn't*.
8. He thought he had lost the key and he kicked the door down. He ... it because the key was in his pocket.
a) *mustn't*; b) *didn't need to do*; c) *needn't have done*; d) *wasn't able*.
9. I can sleep late tomorrow because I... to go to work.
a) *don't have*; b) *mustn't*; c) *can't*; d) *am not allowed*.
10. His breath smells of alcohol and he ... walk straight. He ... be drunk.
a) *can't, must*; b) *isn't able to, can*; c) *can't, should*; d) *may not, has to*.
11. When John was young he invented his own computer which worked as an ordinary one. He ... have been a genius.
a) *ought to*; b) *must*; c) *should*; d) *was to*.
12. Elsa has fallen ill with the flu. I came to see her yesterday and I feel I... have got the infection from her.
a) *should*; b) *need*; c) *must*; d) *am allowed to*.
13. We don't know what we will be doing at the weekend, but we ... go to the country.
a) *may*; b) *should*; c) *must*; d) *have*.
14. We ... waste time on washing up - we have got a washing-machine.
a) *mustn't*; b) *don't have to*; c) *have to*; d) *oughtn't*.
15. Steve ... have gone to the airport by bus. The bus got into a traffic jam and Steve didn't have enough time to buy any souvenirs for his friends.
a) *mustn't*; b) *didn't ought to*; c) *shouldn't*; d) *could*.
16. "Oh! Look at the sky- it is grey, but the sun is still shining. I think it... rain."

a) might; b) may; c) must; d) should.

17. "What's the time, I wonder? Oh! It's 4.55 and we ... be at the meeting at 5.00! Hurry up!"

a) should; b) must; c) ought to; d) can.

18. - Are you feeling better now?

- Yes, thank you. You ... worry.

a) mustn't; b) needn't; c) allowed to; d) have.

19. I am absolutely sure that those terrible things he says ... be true.

a) mustn't; b) mightn't; c) shouldn't; d) can't.

20. Let's bet on this horse. I was told there some chance, it ... win the race.

a) should; b) was able to; c) could; d) must.

TEST 2

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. I have had a toothache for two days. You ... to a dentist when it started.

a) must have gone; b) should have gone; c) can't has go; d) may have gone.

2. I realised that my house was on fire. That... a terrible moment.

a) couldn't been; b) may be; c) must have been; d) should have been.

3. I saw a ghost last night. You... a ghost. You... about it.

a) must have seeing, couldn't been dream; b) mustn't have saw, should dreamed; c) being to see, must have dreamed; d) can't have seen, must have dreamed.

4. He ... such a large house. His wife would have been quite happy in a cottage,

a) can't have bought; b) need not have bought; c) may buying; d) must have been buying.

5. People were waiting but the bus didn't stop. It... full.

a) may have been; b) must be; c) need not have been; d) couldn't be.

6. This hat doesn't suit you. You ... buy another.

a) need not; b) have to; c) must; d) are to.

7. I .. turn on the light. I can see quite well.

a) am to; b) must not; c) have to; d) need not.

8. The shops here don't deliver; we ... carry everything home ourselves.

a) have to; b) should; c) must; d) need not.

9. I feel terribly ill today. You ... those mushrooms, they don't agree with you.

a) must have eaten; b) should not have eaten; c) need not eat; d) may have eaten.

10. As I was standing in the hall your dog bit me. It... my dog: she was with me all day. It... Jane's dog.

a) wasn't, was; b) can't have been, may have been; c) should have been, may have been; d) can't have been, was.

11. They ... a two-storied house (this was the original plan), but money ran out, so they built a bungalow instead.

a) were to build; b) need not have built; c) should build; d) must build.

12. "I left my car here under the "NO PARKING" sign; and now it's gone. It... stolen! Not necessarily. The police ... it away."

a) should stolen, may have driven; b) need not have been, must driven; c) must have been, may have driven; d) may been stolen, driven.

13. "A man answered the phone. I suppose it was her husband." - "It... her husband. He's been dead for ages."

a) should be; b) must have been; c) need not have been; d) can't have been.

14. Rose was afraid she ... too early.

a) might to be; b) must to be; c) might be; d) ought be.

15. You ... to follow his advice.

a) must; b) should; c) ought; d) may.

16. - Why are you so late?

- I'm sorry, but I... to wait for the bus very long, a) was; b) ought; c) must; d) had.

17. They ... marry next week but now they have quarreled and the wedding has been cancelled.

a) were to; b) may have been; c) can't have been; d) must.

18. I ... it. It was my duty to do it but I didn't.

a) must do; b) should have done; c) need not have done; d) may to do.

19. The burglar went straight to the safe although it was hidden behind the picture. Someone ... him where it was.

a) may have told; b) must told; c) should have told; d) must have told.

20. You ... a note. It was very stupid of you not to do so.

a) must leave; b) need not have left; c) should have left; d) mustn't left.

TEST 2

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. There ... be another rise of prices next month.

a) must have been; b) could; c) will have; d) will be able to.

2. He ... stayed at this hotel but he decided to go to his friends.

a) could have; b) could; c) was able to; d) should.

3. My grandfather ... speak five languages when he was young.

a) could; b) must; c) may be; d) can.

4. The fire spread around the building very quickly but everyone... escape.

a) ought; b) could have; c) must; d) was able to.

5. He ... in the garden. It's raining heavily.

a) *cannot be working*; b) *may not*; c) *can't have been working*; d) *shouldn't have been working*.

6. He ... yet. He left only a couple of days ago.

a) *couldn't return*; b) *can be returning*; c) *can't have returned*; d) *mustn't return*.

7. He ... ten hours running. He has done so little.

a) *can't have been worked*; b) *should have worked*; c) *must be working*; d) *can't have been working*.

8. "Must I repeat this sentence?" - "No you ..."

a) *needn't*; b) *mustn't*; c) *shouldn't*; d) *don't*.

9. Hurry up. They ... for us already.

a) *can wait*; b) *must wait*; c) *were waiting*; d) *must be waiting*.

10. I ... for 3 hours. It's already getting dark.

a) *can have been reading*; b) *must have been reading*; c) *must be reading*; d) *must read*.

11. They ... at the station by now.

a) *must have been arriving*; b) *have been arrived*; c) *must have arrived*; d) *can be arriving*.

12. He ... already come home but I'm not sure.

a) *may have*; b) *must have*; c) *could*; d) *should have*.

a) *should*; b) *need*; c) *must*; d) *am allowed to*.

13. We don't know what we will be doing at the weekend, but we ... go to the country.

a) *may*; b) *should*; c) *must*; d) *have*.

14. We ... waste time on washing up - we have got a washing-machine.

a) *mustn't*; b) *don't have to*; c) *have to*; d) *oughtn't*.

15. Steve ... have gone to the airport by bus. The bus got into a traffic jam and Steve didn't have enough time to buy any souvenirs for his friends.

a) *mustn't*; b) *didn't ought to*; c) *shouldn't*; d) *could*.

16. "Oh! Look at the sky- it is grey, but the sun is still shining. I think it... rain."

a) *might*; b) *may*; c) *must*; d) *should*.

17. "What's the time, I wonder? Oh! It's 4.55 and we ... be at the meeting at 5.00! Hurry up!"

a) *should*; b) *must*; c) *ought to*; d) *can*.

18. - Are you feeling better now? - Yes, thank you. You ... worry.

a) *mustn't*; b) *needn't*; c) *allowed to*; d) *have*.

19. I am absolutely sure that those terrible things he says ... be true.

a) *mustn't*; b) *mightn't*; c) *shouldn't*; d) *can't*.

20. Let's bet on this horse. I was told there some chance, it... win the race.

a) *should*; b) *was able to*; c) *could*; d) *must*.

CONTINUOUS TENSES

TEST
Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. Our tennis game was interrupted. We ... for about half an hour when it started to rain heavily.
a) were playing; b) have been playing; c) had been playing; d) played.
2. Susie is a very good tennis player. She ... since she was eight.
a) has been playing; b) have been playing; c) was playing; d) has played.
3. "How is your English?" — "Not bad. It... slowly."
a) improves; b) is improving; c) had been improving; d) was improving.
4. Do not ring her up at 12 o'clock. She ... ready for her exam.
a) is getting; b) will be getting; c) was getting; d) will have being getting.
5. She told me on the phone that she had changed her mind and ... to spend the Saturday evening at home.
a) was going; b) is going; c) had been going; d) has been going.
6. I have decided not to stay here any longer. Tomorrow I... to look for somewhere else to stay.
a) will have being going; b) go; c) have been going; d) am going.
7. Tom ... at the University for forty-five years before he retired.
a) has been working; b) was working; c) had been working; d) is working.
8. John took a photograph of me while I...
a) haven't been looking; b) wasn't looking; c) hadn't been looking; d) weren't looking.
9. I am going on holiday on Sunday. This time next week I ... on a beach.
a) will be lying; b) am lying; c) will have been lying; d) would be lying.
10. I... some strange noises under the hood for the past two weeks.
What do you think is wrong?
a) has been hearing; b) had been hearing; c) have been hearing; d) was hearing.
11. After Allan had searched for twenty minutes, he realized that his jacket... on the table the entire time.
a) has been lying; b) was lying; c) is lying; d) had been lying.
12. We were extremely tired at the end of the journey. We ...for more than 24 hours.
a) were travelling; b) had been travelling; c) have been travelling; d) had being travelling.
13. We usually... vegetables in our garden but this year we ... any.

a) grow, don't grow; b) growing, aren't growing; c) grow, aren't growing;
d) growing, don't grow.

14. Henry ... a snack at midnight last night.

a) has been eating; b) had been eating; c) was eating; d) was been eating.

15. "If you see Sally, can you ask her to phone me?" — "Sure. I... her this evening, so I can tell her."

a) will be seeing; b) am seeing; c) would be seeing; d) will have being seeing.

16. Yesterday morning I got up and looked out of the window. The sun was shining but the ground was wet. It....

a) has been raining; b) had been raining; c) was raining; d) had being rained.

17. I... English for a long time.

a) have learned; b) am learning; c) will have been learning; d) have been learning.

18. Every morning they meet in the same cafe. They ... there for years.

a) have been going; b) had been going; c) was going; d) are going.

19. "I wonder where we ... ten years from now?"

a) will have been living; b) are living; c) will be living; d) would be living.

20. The two boys came into the house. They had a football and they were both very tired. They ... football.

a) were playing; b) had been playing; c) has been playing; d) are playing.

TEST

Вариант 2

Choose the right variant.

1. Mike... a date. He... flowers to Jane, his girlfriend.

a) has, is giving; b) is having, gives; c) has, gives; d) is having, is giving.

2. Tomorrow we ... work at 9.00.

a) will start; b) start; c) are starting; d) will be starting.

3. He... an exam on Friday. I think he ... it successfully.

a) is taking, will pass; b) will take, will pass; c) is taking, is passing; d) will take, is passing.

4. He... to publish a critical political article in this newspaper.

a) is planning; b) plans; c) will be planning; d) has been planning.

5. " ... your computer today in the afternoon?"

a) will you operate; b) are you operate; c) will you be operating; d) do you operating.

6. My father... an analytic programme on TV, while I... for the examination.

a) watched, was preparing; b) was watching, was preparing; c) watched, prepared; d) was watching, prepared.

7. Yesterday the students... an educational film about law from 9.00 till 9.30.

a) watched; b) have been watching; c) would have been watching; d) were watching.

8. "Do you have a lot of pigeons?" — "Yes, I... them for three years already".

a) am breeding; b) was breeding; c) have been breeding; d) have bred.

9. Kate was very upset: she ... a test for two hours but she got a low grade.

a) had been writing; b) was writing; c) has been writing; d) wrote.

10. Thank you for the invitation, but I ... to check up student's course papers.

a) will be going; b) am going; c) was going; d) going.

11. M.I. Kutuzov... deep into the heart of Russia for a few months before his Victories started.

a) retreated; b) was retreating; c) has been retreating; d) had been retreating.

12. I ... an interesting book at the moment.

a) read; b) was reading; c) have read; d) am reading.

13. I... chess for two hours.

a) play; b) have played; c) have been playing; d) am playing.

14. While I... in the garden, I... my back.

a) worked, hurt; b) was working, hurt; c) worked, was hurting; d) was working, was hurting.

15. When Kate arrived, we ... dinner.

a) were having; b) had; c) have been having; d) have had.

16. "Where have you been? I... for you for the last half an hour."

a) am looking; b) was looking; c) had been looking; d) have been looking.

17. I... hard, so now I am going to have a rest.

a) worked; b) have been working; c) was working; d) had been working.

18. My hands are very dirty. I... the car.

a) repaired; b) was repairing; c) have been repairing; d) repair.

19. "The water... Can you turn it off?"

a) is boiling; b) boils; c) has been boiling; d) had been boiling.

20. Bill... this picture since two o'clock.

a) is painting; b) paints; c) was painting; d) has been painting.

THE REPORTED SPEECH. THE SEQUENCE OF TENSES.

TEST
Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. I told her I ... any money.
a) don't have; b) didn't have; c) won't be having; d) hadn't.
2. She said that John ... his job.
a) had given up; b) gave up; c) gives up; d) has given up.
3. She said that she ... away for a few days and ... me when she ... back.
*a) will go, will phone, gets; b) was going, will phone, got;
c) was going, would phone, got; d) would go, will phone, got.*
4. Tom said that New York ... more lively than London.
a) was; b) will be; c) is; d) had been.
5. "I didn't expect to see you, Jim. Sonia said you ... ill."
a) were; b) was; c) have been; d) are.
6. What did you ... the police.
a) said; b) tell; c) say; d) told.
7. Ann ... goodbye to me and left.
a) said; b) told; c) sais; d) tells.
8. Ann asked me ... anybody what happened.
a) not to tell; b) don't tell; c) not told; d) didn't tell.
9. The doctor ... in bed for a few days.
a) told to stay; b) told staying; c) said staying; d) told me to stay.
10. Betty was sure she ... to the conference.
a) is invited; b) has been invited; c) would be invited; d) will be invited.
11. My brother said he ... very hungry as he ... since morning.
a) is, didn't eat; b) was, hadn't eaten; c) was, didn't eat; d) was, hasn't eaten.
12. Fred asked Linda if ... to spend her holidays in the mountains.
a) was she going; b) has she been going; c) she was going; d) she will spend.
13. The lawyer asked the judge ... the trial until the complete recovery of the accused.
a) delaying; b) delayed; c) delay; d) to delay.
14. The teacher told Max ... classes to pass his exam successfully.
a) not to miss; b) don't miss; c) shouldn't miss; d) didn't miss.
15. He wondered if he... me... anybody about this incident.
a) could ask, not to say; b) could ask, not to tell; c) can not to say; d) can ask, not to tell.
16. I was wondering why ... here.
a) is she; b) was she; c) she is; d) she was.
17. Mary suggested ... the meeting.
a) us to postpone; b) we postpone; c) we should postpone; d) us postponed.
18. Michael told his dad ... him up early.

a) woke; b) had waken; c) had woken; d) to wake.

19. She asked me where ... from.

a) I was; b) was I; c) am I; d) I am.

20. They asked me ... coffee or tea.

a) if I wanted; b) whether I wanted; c) did I want; d) do I want.

TEST

Вариант 2

Choose the right variant.

1. The teacher ... us that the police ... questions about hooliganism at school.

a) said, have asked; b) told, had said; c) says, had said; d) told, had asked.

2. Tom ... that he would be home late.

a) said; b) told; c) speaks; d) asked.

3. Our teacher told us that water ... into ice.

a) were turned; b) turns; c) turned; d) will be turned.

4. Mary said that she ... Tom

a) has seen, yesterday; b) had seen, the day ago;

c) have been seeing, the day before; d) had seen, the previous day.

5. Mr. Johns asked when ... from university.

a) I had graduated; b) had I graduated; c) did I graduate; d) I graduates.

6. Michael asked the doctor how ... lose weight.

a) he can; b) could he; c) did he can; d) he could.

7. Alice told me ... to post the letter.

a) don't to forget; b) not to forget; c) do to not forget; d) no do to forget.

8. Our teacher said that we ... have any homework during the vacation.

a) will; b) won't; c) would; d) wouldn't.

9. The teacher said that some Russian words ... from other languages.

a) are borrowed; b) were borrowed; c) borrowed; d) has been borrowing.

10. Lucy said that if she ... me, she

a) was, will apologize; b) had been, would apologize; c) were, would apologize; d) is, will apologize.

11. Mother ... her child not to touch the wire with wet hands.

a) insist on; b) explained; c) warned; d) suggested.

12. The professor ... us that to prevent the pollution of rivers and lakes factories and residential areas ... with purification systems.

a) spoke, are equipped; b) said, has been being equipped;

c) told, had been being equipped; d) told, were equipped.

13. Mother... the children to swim in the river.

a) permitted; b) suggested; c) denied; d) said.

14. Father ... us to come home after 11 p.m.
a) denied; b) insisted on; c) said; d) forbade.
15. Yesterday the scientist said that the process of destroying the nature ... when man first ... the simplest tool.
*a) had begun, produced; b) has begun, produced;
 c) has been beginning, produced; d) is begun, have produced.*
16. A woman wondered how much
*a) this red dress cost; b) does that redress cost; c) did this red dress cost;
 d) that reed dress cost.*
17. He said that he ... at that time in London, he ... the same decision.
*a) were, would have taken; b) had been, would take; c) is will have taken;
 d) had been, would have taken.*
18. The director said that the factory ... much more productive than it ... five years before.
a) is, has been; b) was, has been; c) is had been; d) was, had been.
19. Our teacher told us that the Earth ... round.
a) is; b) was; c) has been; d) is being.
20. The professor said that our examination... the following Monday.
a) will be; b) would be; c) had been; d) has been.

THE PASSIVE VOICE

TEST

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. After her parents' s death Maria... by her grandmother, who taught her to respect the old.
a) was brought up; b) brought up; c) had brought up; d) was bring up.
2. I returned to that old town at the time it... .
a) was being reconstructed; b) had reconstructed; c) had been reconstructed; d) had been being reconstructed.
3. I haven't received the letter yet. It might... to the wrong address, a) be sent; b) was sent; c) have been sent; d) sent.
4. You ... to park your car here. It's private parking only.
a) are allowed; b) allowed; c) was allowed; d) are not allowed.
5. The visit of the prime-minister to the USA ... due to the deterioration of the international situation.
a) delays; b) delayed; c) was delayed; d) has delayed.
6. While the fish ... on the bonfire we had enough time to gather a basket of mushrooms.
a) had fried; b) was being fried; c) was being frying; d) was frying.

7. The man received serious injuries in a road accident. It... that he... by a red car, which was driving at a very high speed.

a) *is said, was injured*; b) *said, was injured*; c) *said, had been injured*; d) *was said, had been injured*.

8. Mike ... to many actors, and everybody decided that he played his roles well.

a) *shows*; b) *was shown*; c) *showed*; d) *was showed*.

9. Columbus ... to have discovered North America although a number of scientists proved that that discovery ... many years before.

a) *considers, had been made*; b) *considered, was made*; c) *is considered, had been made*; d) *is considered, made made*.

10. St. Petersburg ... in 1703 by Peter the Great.

a) *founded*; b) *is founded*; c) *was founded*; d) *was found*.

11. The receptionist told Mrs. Macbeth that her son ... for the last 24 hours.

a) *hadn't been seen*; b) *wasn't seen*; c) *isn't seen*; d) *saw*.

12. The Navy officially said that the dolphins ... in salt water holding tanks.

a) *will be kept*; b) *would be kept*; c) *will keep*; d) *would keep*.

13. Nobody likes when he ... for the offence he didn't commit.

a) *is blamed*; b) *blames*; c) *is blaming*; d) *was blamed*.

14. ... that a man will first be able to step on the surface of the Mars in 24-25 years.

a) *Suppose*; b) *It is supposed*; c) *Supposing*; d) *It supposed*.

15. While I was driving along the road a lorry bumped into my car and injured it heavily. So it will cost much

a) *to have repaired my car*; b) *to have my car repaired*; c) *to repaired my car*; d) *have my car repaired*.

16. The rent must... in advance, but at that time I didn't have enough money.

a) *be paid*; b) *have been paid*; c) *have paid*; d) *been paid*.

17. Nature is in danger. It... from unreasonable actions of human beings.

a) *should protect*; b) *should be protected*; c) *should protected*; d) *should has been protected*.

18. The news about this international event... all over the world by tomorrow,

a) *will have been spread*; b) *will be spreaded*; c) *will spread*; d) *will have spread*.

19. If you ... in a car accident and someone ..., you have to report the matter to the police.

a) *involve, hurt*; b) *are involving, hurts*; c) *are involved, is hurt*; d) *are involved, hurts*.

20. Two people ... in an explosion this morning.

a) are reported to have been injured; b) report to be injured; c) are reported to have injured; d) are reported injured.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

I. Jane is going to ... a scholarship.

a) be given; b) give; c) have given; d) being given.

2. The report is not bad, but some points ... corrected.

a) to be; b) must; c) should be; d) should.

3. "Please, don't speak so loudly. We might... heard."

a) -; b) be; c) have been; d) been.

4. In Russia the President... every four years.

a) elects; b) has been elected; c) is being elected; d) is elected.

5. The novel... completed by the end of 1835.

a) is; b) had been; c) was being; d) had.

6. Be careful. You ... by an experienced professor.

a) will be examined; b) examined; c) are to examine; d) will examine.

7. Dostoevsky ... to be a master of discussing essential life problems in his novels.

a) considers; b) is considering; c) is considered; d) has been considered.

8. The picture ... Jane last month.

a) to be drawn; b) was drawn; c) was drawn by; d) has been drawn by.

9. "Why didn't you arrive? You ... on!"

a) were rely; b) were relied; c) being relied; d) to be rely.

10. The government says that terrorism ... soon.

a) destroy; b) destroyed; c) will have destroyed; d) will be destroyed.

11. It's a pity that the offer is still.... I wanted to read it now.

a) being considered; b) be considered; c) considered; d) to be considered.

12. The house ... by September.

a) will be built; b) will have been built; c) will have being built; d) will to built.

13. Where is Susan now?- She is ... the doctor.

a) examined; b) examined by; c) being examine; d) being examined by.

14. We ... by a fundamental problem.

a) are confronted; b) confronted; c) are being confronted; d) to confront.

15. - Why are you writing this?-I don't know. I....

a) told to; b) was told; c) was told to; d) is told to.

16. The gallery is closed. It is ... renovated.

a) is; b) is being; c) being; d) is to.

17. This knife ... to cut bread.

a) used; b) is used; c) uses; d) using.

18. The picture was ready when I came. It... finished.
a) is; b) was; c) had been; d) has been.
19. Let's change the direction. We ... followed.
a) are being; b) being; c) are; d) are to.
20. If you ... the door open, the money ... stolen.
a) hadn't left, willn't be; b) didn't leave, wouldn't have been; c) hadn't left, wouldn't be; d) hadn't left, wouldn't have been.

PREPOSITIONS AND CONJUNCTIONS

TEST 1

Вариант 1

Choose the right variant.

1. I am looking forward ... hearing from you.
a) to; b) for; c) at; d) while.
2. You may sit... that armchair.
a) on; b) to; c) in; d) at.
3. "Please, help yourself ... the vegetables."
a) with; b) for; c) in; d) to.
4. The delegation arrives ... Moscow at 3 o'clock.
a) in; b) at; c) to; d) for.
5. I've no idea why you haven't been invited ... the party.
a) at; b) to; c) in; d) for.
6. He ran out of the class without saying a word. Nobody knew the reason ... such behaviour.
a) of; b) to; c) for; d) towards.
7. I had to pay... cash because I had forgotten my credit card.
a) of; b) -; c) in; d) with.
8. I'm going home, I'm fed up ... the party.
a) from; b) by; c) of; d) with.
9. It was very rude ... you to go away without saying "good-buy".
a) to; b) from; c) of; d) about.
10. "I'm sorry ... the things I've said to you."
a) about; b) for; c) of; d) with.
11. He is really keen ... playing chess.
a) at; b) in; c) on; d) of.
12. I don't care... the rain. Let's stay at home.
a) about; b) for; c) of; d) to.
13. The patient died ... a heart attack.
a) from; b) because of; c) by; d) of.
14. You will go and apologize... her immediately... your words.
a) for, to; b) with, to; c) to, for; d) at, for.
15. I can't help ... crying when I hear this music.
a) to; b) on; c) at; d)-

16. Everybody blamed his death ... his wife.
a) *on*; b) *to*; c) *for*; d) *from*.
17. My grandmother is going to live with us. She needs somebody to look her.
a) *for*; b) *after*; c) *at*; d) *to*.
18. Allow me to congratulate you ... your success.
a) *for*; b) *of*; c) *on*; d) *because of*.
19. You should accuse him ... being dishonest.
a) *on*; b) *from*; c) *for*; d) *of*.
20. This book consists ... two parts.
a) *on*; b) *of*; c) *from*; d) *with*

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. It was very nice... you to do my shopping for me.
a) *on*; b) *about*; c) *for*; d) *of*.
2. "I'm sorry ... the smell of paint in this room. I've just decorated it."
a) *by*; b) *for*; c) *about*; d) *at*.
3. We always have the same food every day. I'm fed up... it.
a) *with*; b) *in*; c) *by*; d) *to*.
4. I was shocked... what I saw. I'd never seen anything like it before.
a) *on*; b) *of*; c) *at*; d) *with*.
5. Susan is married... two children.
a) *to*; b) *for*; c) *with*; d) *-*.
6. Tom has no money of his own. So he's totally dependent ... his parents.
a) *at*; b) *on*; c) *to*; d) *of*.
7. She apologised... me ... her behaviour.
a) *to, with*; b) *at, to*; c) *on, for*; d) *to, for*.
8. "I'm sorry... being rude to you."
a) *for*; b) *-*; c) *on*; d) *at*.
9. I'm afraid there is no solution ... the problem.
a) *to*; b) *for*; c) *from*; d) *on*.
10. He showed me a photograph... the house where he lived as a child.
a) *of*; b) *in*; c) *at*; d) *for*.
11. The police believe that there is no connection... the two crimes.
a) *between*; b) *for*; c) *with*; d) *among*.
12. We called the doctor because Linda was complaining... pain in her back.
a) *about*; b) *of*; c) *on*; d) *in*.
13. We'd better phone... the restaurant to reserve a table.
a) *to*; b) *for*; c) *-*; d) *in*.
14. Thank you for the invitation ... your party next week.

- a) on; b) by; c) to; d) at.*
 15. He accused his wife ... being jealous.
a) at; b) about; c) in; d) of.
 16. I've received a cheque ... \$200.
a) on; b) by; c) with; d) for.
 17. "Did you know the cause ... the fire?"
a) of; b) to; c) from; d) at.
 18. The children were excited ... going to the circus the next day.
a) for; b) of; c) about; d) to.
 19. ... my opinion you shouldn't go to Kate's party tomorrow.
a) On; b) From; c) In; d) By.
 20. I nearly forgot that it was Jack's birthday. Fortunately I
 remembered... time.
a) in; b) for; c) on; d) at.

TEST 2

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. "What was his reason ... being late?" - "He stuck in a traffic jam, but he is really sorry... it."
a) of, about; b) of, for; c) for, about; d) for, for.
 2. "This letter is in French. Could you translate it ...Russian, please?"
a) in; b) on; c) onto; d) into.
 3. "James had an accident last week, didn't he?" - "Yes, his car collided ... a lorry."
a) to; b) at; c) against; d) with.
 4. Look ... the photograph ... Mary in the childhood.
a) at, of; b) on, -; c) -, for; d) to, with.
 5. In the rush hour all the streets are crowded ... people.
a) of; b) from; c) with; d) in.
 6. "Why don't you stop thinking about yourself and care...other people?"
a) for; b) about; c) of; d) to.
 7. "What do you think the advantage ... living in a big industrial city is?"
a) in; b) from; c) of; d) about.
 8. It is rather difficult to find the right answer... this question.
a) to; b) of; c) for; d) on.
 9. I am really nervous ... my first working day.
a) for; b) about; c) with; d) at.
 10. He is dependent... his parents, but independent... his friends.
a) of, of; b) on, of; c) of, on; d) on, on.
 11. "I have been invited ... dinner. Could you look ... my children?"

- a) to, at; b) for, after; c) at, for; d) to, after.*
12. "Have you ever heard ... the existence of Atlantida"?
a) of; b) about; c) -; d) from.
13. "So, are you going to buy this dress?" - "It depends ... how much it costs."
a) on; b) of; c) -; d) from.
14. All the players were divided ... four groups as it was written in the rules of the game.
a) for; b) on; c) of; d) into.
15. While studying at the university he specialized ... chemistry.
a) at; b) on; c) in; d) of.
16. Everyone complimented her ... an unusual haircut.
a) for; b) with; c) on; d) about.
17. This young girl reminds me ... my old school friend.
a) of; b) -; c) about; d) for.
18. It is going to be a wonderful holiday! Tomorrow we are leaving... the Bermudas.
a) on; b) for; c) to; d) towards.
19. "If you are interested ... computers why don't you apply... Microsoft Company?"
a) at, to; b) in, for; c) at, for; d) in, to.
20. Living at a hotel you have to pay ... your room.
a) of; b) for; c) to; d) on.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. I shall see you ... night, because I am not able to see you ... the evening.
a) in, at; b) in, on; c) at, in; d) at, on.
2. The telephone and the door bell rang ... the same time.
a) -; b) in; c) on; d) at.
3. I hope the weather will be nice ... next weekend.
a) -; b) in; c) on; d) at.
4. Write your name ... the top of the page.
a) in; b) on; c) at; d) into.
5. There is somebody ... the door.
a) in; b) on; c) at; d) out of.
6. "Go along this road, then turn left... the shop."
a) of; b) in; c) on; d) at.
7. When I go to the cinema, I prefer to sit... the front row.
a) in; b) on; c) at; d) near.
8. "Have you ever worked ... a farm?"
a) in; b) on; c) at; d) into.
9. There was not a cloud ... the sky.

- a) in; b) on; c) at; d) out of.*
- 10) Let's sit... the front.
a) in; b) on; c) at; d) down.
10. "When are your friends returning ... Russia?"
a) to; b) in; c) on; d) at.
11. Welcome ... our country!
a) at; b) to; c) in; d) into.
12. "When did they arrive ... London?"
a) to; b) in; c) into; d) at.
13. It is better for us to stay ... home.
a) to; b) in; c) -; d) at.
14. One day I'd like to go ... a world tour.
a) to; b) in; c) on; d) at.
16. I've never met her but I've spoken to her ... the phone.
a) by; b) on; c) at; d) in.
17. I paid the bill... cash.
a) in; b) on; c) by; d) with.
18. "Did you come here ... car or ... foot?"
a) in, on; b) in, by; c) by, by; d) by, on.
19. The door must have been opened ... a key.
a) with; b) in; c) at; d) by.
20. My salary has increased ... ten per cent.
a) with; b) in; c) on; d) by.

TEST 3

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. We hope to have a barbecue, but it depends ... the weather,
a) of; b) on; c) at; d) to.
2. She got married ... Peter last week,
a) to; b) with c) on; d) of.
3. They are arguing ... who's going to win the World Cup.
a) on; b) at; c) about; d) in.
4. I applied ... the job that I saw advertised in the paper.
a) on; b) in; c) at; d) for.
5. I got a cheque ... five hundred pounds today.
a) for; b) in; c) with; d) to.
6. There has been a rise ... the number of violent crimes.
a) to; b) in; c) for; d) over.
7. It took a long time to find a solution ... the problem.
a) to; b) for; c) on; d) at.

8. She's doing research ... the causes of tooth decay,
a) into; b) on; c) of; d) for.
9. Bill is jealous... everyone who has got something that he hasn't,
a) to; b) for; c) of; d) at.
10. "Are you good ... tennis?"
a) in; b) on; c) with; d) at.
11. "Are you going away ... Easter, or are you staying at home?"
a) for; b) in; c) at; d) on.
12. "Oh! I'm sorry I've dropped the vase ... accident."
a) by; b) on; c) for; d) with.
13. I accused him... cheating at the cards, but he denied it.
a) with; b) of; c) for; d) at.
14. I prefer living in down town ... living in the suburbs.
a) for; b) with; c) by; d) to.
15. I like to get up ... time to have breakfast before going to school.
a) at; b) on; c) with; d) in.
16. "Are you going away ... the beginning of August or ... the end?"
a) on, at; b) at, at; c) in, in; d) in, at.
17. I wonder what prevented him ... getting a bad mark.
a) of; b) from; c) to; d) on.
18. Ivan the Terrible was famous ... his cruel policy.
a) over; b) of; c) for; d) with.
19. I have a toy which is very similar ... yours.
a) with; b) for; c) in; d) to.
20. We travelled ... the 10.30 train, which arrived at 12.45.
a) in; b) on; c) at; d) by.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. In Britain people send each other cards ... Christmas.
a) at; b) on; c) in; d) by.
2. We were very hungry when we arrived because we hadn't had anything to eat... we were travelling.
a) during; b) as; c) while; d) -.
3. ... the time you get this letter, I'll be in London.
a) On; b) In; c) By; d) Until.
4. Jack was reluctant to help us at first, but... the end he agreed to do what he could.
a) at; b) by; c) during; d) in.
5. You can change money in Lloyds Bank ... the corner of that street.
a) in; b) at c) on; d) by.
6. I should be free by 7 p.m. If the meeting doesn't end ... time, I'll have to make my apologies and leave.
a) in; b) at; c) until; d) on.

7. I don't mind going ... car but I don't want to go ... your car.
a) *in, by*; b) *by, in*; c) *by, on*; d) *on, by*.
8. Sue was very tired. She sat in an armchair and dozed ...
a) *off*; b) *on* c) *up*; d) *out*.
9. We went... the theatre last night and had seats ... the front row.
a) *to, in*; b) *in, at*; c) *to, on*; d) *in, in*.
10. I was asked a lot of questions ... the interview.
a) *while*; b) *at*; c) *in*; d) *during*.
11. We always used to have a party ... the end of term.
a) *for*; b) *in*; c) *at*; d) *by*.
12. Please put... your cigarette. This is a no-smoking area.
a) *on*; b) *up*; c) *out*; d) *off*.
13. It was a confusing situation. Many things were happening ... the same time.
a) *in*; b) *for*; c) *at*; d) *on*.
14. I wasn't in when you phoned. I was ... my sister's house.
a) *at*; b) *in*; c) *by*; d) *into*.
15. Linda got... with her cousins very well.
a) *off*; b) *up*; c) *after*; d) *on*.
16. Will you finish work ... time to do the shopping.
a) *for*; b) *in*; c) *at*; d) *on*.
17. You can look ... a word in a dictionary if you don't know what it means.
a) *for*; b) *up*; c) *after*; d) *at*.
18. Paul was offered a new job but he ... because he didn't want to move.
a) *turned it down*; b) *turned up it*; c) *turned down it*; d) *turned it up*.
19. We can't carry ... if you don't cooperate.
a) *out*; b) *over*; c) *on*; d) *up*.
20. The door must have been opened ... a key.
a) *by*; b) *through*; c) *over*; d) *with*.

TEST 4

Вариант I.

Choose the right variant.

1. ... the end, we got to the USA and had a great time.
a) *In*; b) *By*; c) *At*; d) *On*.
2. The plain arrived ... time, and we got to the hotel... time for dinner.
a) *in, on*; b) *at, on*; c) *on, in*; d) *at, for*.
- 3 ... the end of the film, the main character died ... a heart attack.
a) *In, From*; b) *At, from*; c) *At, of*; d) *In, with*.
4. The Browns will celebrate Mary's birthday ... Saturday evening in the restaurant, but they will go to the cinema... the afternoon.

- a) on, in; b) in, in; c) at, on; d) on, on.*
5. Children like to get presents, especially ... Christmas Day.
a) in; b) on; c) at; d) with.
6. People usually bake cakes ... Easter.
a) on; b) in; c) for; d) at.
7. the time John got to the theatre, the performance had already started.
a) In; b) Until; c) By; d) Before.
8. ... the beginning of the film, there were shown three music clips.
a) At; b) On; c) In; d) With.
9. Alex is going to arrive ... London ... next Friday.
a) to, -; b) in, -; c) at, on; d) in, in.
10. Mary was very tired. So, when she got ... home, she went... bed.
a) -, to; b) at, in; c) -, at; d) at, in.
11. Helen was lying ... the shade, she didn't want to get sunstroke.
a) on; b) at; c) in; d) for.
12. Michael paid the bill... cash, but Mary paid the bill ... cheque.
a) with, with; b) in, in; c) in, by; d) by, by.
13. When the Simpsons turned round the corner, they saw their house was ... fire.
a) in; b) at; c) with; d) on.
14. ... my opinion, smoking should be banned in public places.
a) In; b) On; c) For; d) By.
15. It is a scientific fact that smoking is a cause ... lung cancer.
a) for; b) of; c) to; d) with.
16. James could not find an answer... such an easy question.
a) for; b) of; c) to; d) on.
17. Students are usually fed... studying at the eleventh form.
a) up; b) up for; c) with; d) up with.
18. Parents were worried ... Luke, because he had not called them by 12 o'clock.
a) for; b) by; c) of; d) about.
19. Some people are keen ... the Internet, so they spend about 10 hours a day chatting in it.
a) for; b) on; c) at; d) with.
20. The Russian culture is famous ... its writers, such as Pushkin, Turgenev, Dostoevskii.
a) for; b) of; c) with; d) on.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. "Can you please be quite for a minute?" - "I'm ... the phone."
a) to; b) in; c) on; d) at.

2. They sat down ... a corner table and called the waiter.
a) *in*; b) *at*; c) *on*; d) *to*.
3. She turned up for breakfast... an old pair of jeans and a T-shirt.
a) *into*; b) *to*; c) *with*; d) *in*.
4. It was my fault we lost the game ,... some extent anyway.
a) *in*; b) *at*; c) *from*; d) *to*.
5. ____the beginning of the Civil War, the fort was attacked.
a) *at*; b) *in*; c) *for*; d) *after*.
6. We waited and waited ... the end we decided to go back home.
a) *at*; b) *in*; c) *to*; d) *for*.
7. The train arrived right... time.
a) *in*; b) *at*; c) *to*; d) *on*.
8. Hurry and we'll be there ... time for lunch.
a) *on*; b) *in*; c) *at*; d) *about*.
9. When she came ... the room, they feel silent.
a) *in*; b) *to*; c) *into*; d) *at*.
10. I returned ... England last month.
a) *to*; b) *into*; c) *at*; d) *in*.
11. He noticed two policemen coming... him.
a) *towards*; b) *to*; c) *at*; d) *for*.
12. "Can I pay... English pounds?"
a) *by*; b) *in*; c) *with*; d) *at*.
13. I shouted ... the children to come and eat.
a) *at*; b) *on*; c) *to*; d) *for*.
14. He learnt to ride a bicycle ... a week.
a) *-*; b) *for*; c) *in*; d) *during*.
- 15...the time he arrives there, his parents will have left.
a) *At*; b) *By*; c) *On*; d) *In*.
16. I'll buy some bread ... the way to the office.
a) *by*; b) *in*; c) *at*; d) *on*.
17. He was... the back of the cinema and couldn't see well.
a) *at*; b) *in*; c) *to*; d) *above*.
18. "What time did you arrive ... home?"
a) *at*; b) *to*; c) *-*; d) *in*.
19. ____ 10:00 the train left for Moscow.
a) *In*; b) *At*; c) *On*; d) *About*.
20. She makes no difference ... her two brothers.
a) *with*; b) *between*; c) *in*; d) *from*.

PHRASAL VERBS

TEST

Вариант 1.

1. The meeting has been ... from May, 10 to May, 3.

- a) *brought up*; b) *brought back*; c) *brought forward* d) *brought off*.
2. He ... her like a house on fire; it's so nice to see people in love!
a) *gets on*; b) *gets on with*; c) *gets through*; d) *gets off*.
3. Due to the poor profits the company decided not to ... any new employees.
a) *take after*; b) *take in*; c) *take up*; d) *take on*.
4. "I am still... the man of my dreams but I do not think he exists!"
a) *looking for*; b) *looking after*; c) *looking up to*; d) *looking through*.
5. In contracts it is usually stipulated that... a company's secrets is strictly prohibited.
a) *giving up*; b) *giving in*; c) *giving away*; d) *giving out*.
6. Nick was annoyed because Victoria didn't ... for their meeting.
a) *turn in on*; b) *turn on*; c) *turn up*; d) *turn off*.
7. "Why haven't you... yet? You were supposed to be there 10 minutes ago."
a) *set off*; b) *set up*; c) *set down*; d) *set in*.
8. They ... stock, because sales were much better than expected.
a) *ran into*; b) *ran out of*; c) *ran off with*; d) *ran away from*.
9. The operator asked me to... while she was looking for the telephone number.
a) *hold it against her*; b) *hold on*; c) *hold back*; d) *hold out*.
10. I asked the secretary to ... me ... to the manager.
a) *put, on*; b) *put, up*; c) *put, off*; d) *put, through*.
11. I was looking for some old photos when I... an old letter.
a) *came to*; b) *came across*; c) *came round*; d) *came with*.
12. It was snowing so heavily that you could hardly ... the traffic lights.
a) *make out*; b) *make for*; c) *make with*; d) *make it up to*.
13. "Thank you for ... me, I feel much better" said the old woman to her grandchild.
a) *looking for*; b) *looking after*; c) *looking at*; d) *looking up to*.
- 14.... on the staff may lead to strikes and protests.
a) *Cutting across*; b) *Cutting with*; c) *Cutting off*; d) *Cutting down*.
- 15.... your bad mood and do something constructive.
a) *Get off*; b) *Get away with*; c) *Get over*; d) *Get into*.
16. We had been ... sentences all the morning when we finally decided to give up.
a) *making out*; b) *making up*; c) *making*; d) *making for*.
17. To be a top manager you need to ... lots of innovative ideas for the company.
a) *come across*; b) *come through*; c) *come up with*; d) *come over to*.
18. Michelle was ... because she wasn't doing her job properly.
a) *told on*; b) *told up*; c) *told off*; d) *told for*.
19. "What were you ... last night?" - the father asked his daughter.
a) *up to*; b) *up with*; c) *up about*; d) *up on*.

20. Spoilt children often ... others less fortunate than themselves.
a) *look down to*; b) *look down at*; c) *look down on*; d) *look down for*.

ВАРИАНТ 2

1. The meeting ..., but no suggestions were made.
a) *wore on*; b) *wore out*; c) *wore away*; d) *wore about*.
2. If we ... new members, our team can win the game.
a) *take in*; b) *take up*; c) *take on*; d) *take for*.
3. Jane asked to ... the president of the company, because he wanted to discuss something of paramount importance with him.
a) *put her to*; b) *put her through to*; c) *put her into*; d) *put her on*.
4. The USA and the USSR ... their diplomatic relationship in the years of the cold war.
a) *broke off*; b) *broke away*; c) *tore up*; d) *tore off*.
5. The jewellery store was ... last night.
a) *held in*; b) *held on*; c) *held over*; d) *held up*.
6. Sarah is... the possibility to invent a universal medicine.
a) *looking up*; b) *looking for*; c) *looking into*; d) *looking through*.
7. Unfortunately, many people continue to ... infectious diseases.
a) *come in with*; b) *come with*; c) *come down with*; d) *come through with*.
8. When you cross the street,... the cars.
a) *watch off for*; b) *watch out for*; c) *watch into*; d) *watch over for*.
9. Sometimes it is desirable to ... old values in studies.
a) *bring back*; b) *bring about*; c) *bring again*; d) *bring further*.
10. "Elisa is so busy! She is always ... with reports."
a) *falling in*; b) *falling against*; c) *falling behind*; d) *falling back*.
11. My neighbours had to ... moving to a new flat because they couldn't afford it.
a) *call off*; b) *call back*; c) *call against*; d) *call on*.
12. Yesterday Mary ... to finish learning history.
a) *stayed in*; b) *stayed up*; c) *stayed on*; d) *stayed forward*.
13. It is essential that you ... with your plans in spite of *any difficulties*.
a) *go behind*; b) *go on*; c) *go ahead*; d) *get down*.
14. It is impossible to ... to others how you feel when you are in trouble.
a) *get around*; b) *get down*; c) *get across*; d) *get away*.
15. There is no point in having brilliant ideas unless you can...
a) *get them in*; b) *get them across*; c) *get them over*; d) *get them away*.
16. I hope the scientists will ... the problem of environmental protection.
a) *get in*; b) *get round*; c) *get across*; d) *get over*.
17. If you want to succeed, you should ... your arguments effectively.
a) *put across*; b) *put out*; c) *put into*; d) *put forward*.

18. Jane had to ... the meeting till the next Monday.
a) *put away*; b) *put back*; c) *put on*; d) *put off*.
19. Susan doesn't earn much but it is enough to ...
a) *get on*; b) *put by*; c) *turn on*; d) *get by*.
20. Einstein ... the theory of relativity.
a) *put forward*; b) *put for*; c) *turned forward*; d) *brought out*
21. The company arranged the meeting in order to ... the new product.
a) *try on*; b) *try for*; c) *put out*; d) *try out*.
22. It is difficult to ... the people who are rude to you.
a) *get on*; b) *get through*; c) *get out with*; d) *get along with*.
23. ... later, and we will have some tea and discuss the problem.
a) *Call me in*; b) *Call me on*; c) *Call me for*; d) *Call me about*.
24. Jane managed to ... all the detail of the accident.
a) *figure out*; b) *figure in*; c) *find off*; d) *find along*.
25. Mary ... all the suggestions we make. It is difficult to work with her.
a) *puts across*; b) *puts down*; c) *puts up*; d) *puts off*.

ARTICLES AND NOUNS.

TEST

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. We can go swimming. There is ... nice beach near here.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
2. We can not cook ... rice. Because we have not got... water.
a) -, *enough*; b) *the*, -; c) *a*, *a*.
3. "Have you got... money? Can you give me"
a) -, *any*; b) *any*, *any*; c) *any*, *some*.
4. Do not disturb me. I am reading ... newspaper.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
5. I can't hear ... music. There is too ... noise here.
a) -, *much*; b) *any*, *many*; c) *any*, *much*.
6. I am looking for ... job.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
7. I am looking for ... work.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
8. "What... lovely dress!"
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
9. I think Ann should come to ... party, she is ... nice person.
a) *the*, -; b) *a*, *the*; c) *the*, *a*.
10. I have seen ... really bad film recently.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *some*.
11. "Would you like to be ... French teacher?"
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.

12. Ann was looking for ... job.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
13. Did she get... job she applied for.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
14. "Can you turn off ... light in the room?"
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
15. This is ... house where I used to live.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
16. I work eight hours ... day, six days ... week.
a) *for, for*; b) *the, a*; c) *a, a*.
17. "What is the shortest bridge in ... world?"
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
18. We had lunch in ... very good restaurant.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.
19. "Have you got... shoes in size 38?"
a) -; b) *the*; c) *any*.
20. He went to ... hospital to visit his brother.
a) -; b) *the*; c) *a*.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. Great Britain consists of ... parts.
a) *the four*; b) *four*; c) *a four*; d) *an four*.
2. It is washed by the waters of...
a) *an Atlantic Ocean*; b) *Atlantic Ocean*; c) *the Atlantic Ocean*; d) *the ocean of Atlantic*.
3. The Queen of Great Britain is not....
a) *the absolute*; b) *absolute*; c) *an absolute*; d) *a absolute*.
- 4 ... drive on the left-hand side in their country.
a) *The British*; b) *British*; c) *A British*; d) *Britain*.
- 5... is the main modern art museum in London.
a) *Tate Gallery*; b) *A Tate Gallery*; c) *An Tate Gallery*; d) *The Tate Gallery*.
6. It is evident that... want peace.
a) *a people*; b) *the people*; c) *people*; d) *peoples*.
7. The acting was poor, but we enjoyed
a) *music*; b) *a music*; c) *the music*; d) *an music*.
8. ... have never possessed a standing army or a police force.
a) *Tudors*; b) *A Tudors*; c) *An Tudors*; d) *The Tudors*.
9. ... is the universal language of the world.
a) *Music*; b) *A music*; c) *The music*; d) *An music*.
10. Pushkin, the great Russian poet, was born in ...
a) *a 1799*; b) *1799*; c) *the 1799*; d) *the year of 1799*.

11. ... are famous for their wine.
a) *The French*; b) *French*; c) *France*; d) *Frances*.
12. is the deepest lake in the world, it has huge fresh water resources.
a) *The Baikal lake*; b) *Lake the Baikal*; c) *A lake Baikal*; d) *Lake Baikal*.
13. One of ... agreed to give him lessons at home.
a) *the school teachers*; b) *an school teachers*; c) *school teachers*; d) *schooling teachers*.
14. ... biggest river in Great Britain is ... Thames.
a) *A, the*; b) *The, the*; c) *- , the*; d) *The, -*.
15. ... furniture in the shop is very beautiful, but we do not have enough money to buy it.
a) *-*; b) *An*; c) *The*; d) *A*.
16. ... Smiths have a son and a daughter.
a) *-*; b) *The*; c) *A*; d) *This*.
17. I know how to use ... computer.
a) *a*; b) *these*; c) *-*; d) *an*.
18. She was the first woman to cross... Atlantic in a canoe.
a) *a*; b) *-*; c) *that*; d) *the*.
19. Go down ... Kingston Street and turn left into Mill road.
a) *a*; b) *-*; c) *that*; d) *the*.
20. I do not like milk in ... coffee.
a) *-*; b) *the*; c) *a*; d) *these*.

ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS

TEST

Вариант 1.

Choose the right variant.

1. They will arrive as ... as they can.
a) *soon*; b) *sonly*; c) *sooner*; d) *for soon*.
2. "Do you see this ... book?" - "I'm reading it now."
a) *red big old*; b) *big old red*; c) *old red big*; d) *red old big*.
3. Jane always feels ... when she has an exam.
a) *nervously*; b) *nervousness*; c) *nervous*; d) *in nervous*.
4. Mary prefers those perfumes, which smell....
a) *sweetly*; b) *sweeted*; c) *sweet*; d) *sweeter*.
5. To look ... you need self-confidence.
a) *perfect*; b) *perfectly*; c) *perfection*; d) *more perfect*.
6. Remain ... for a while. We may be overheard.
a) *silent*; b) *silently*; c) *in silence*; d) *more silent*.
7. The Black Sea is less ... than the Mediterranean Sea.
a) *deeper*; b) *deep*; c) *depth*; d) *then deep*.
8. Don't write the report for tomorrow. It is completely —

- a) unnecessarily; b) unnecessary; c) unnecessity; d) necessary*
9. Susan is much more ... than Sarah.
a) artistically; b) artist; c) artistic; d) art.
10. The ... we flew, ... Mary felt.
a) higher, the worse; b) high, the worse; c) higher, worser; d) height, worser.
11. Elisa has ... hair.
a) long beautiful dark; b) beautiful long dark; c) dark long beautiful; d) beautiful dark long.
12. This picture is more ... than that one. Let's buy it.
a) colour; b) colourfully; c) colourful; d) in colour.
13. Jane is the ... of the two candidates for the job.
a) smart; b) smarter; c) smartier; d) the more smart.
14. Avoid those people who become ... with you.
a) violent; b) violence; c) violently; d) even violent.
15. We didn't expect such a ... change in Jane's mood.
a) sudden; b) suddenly; c) in sudden; d) sudden of.
16. Mary tried... to win the championship, but the circumstances were against her.
a) harder; b) hardly; c) hard; d) so harder.
17. "Do you easily get... ?"
a) embarrassing; b) embarrassed; c) embarrassment; d) an embracement.
18. It was so ... to ride a horse! I want to do it again.
a) exciting; b) excited; c) excitingly; d) excite.
19. Of all the team, he behaves
a) the more carelessly; b) most careless; c) the most carelessly; d) more careless.
20. This performance is less ... than the last year's.
a) impression; b) impressive; c) impressed; d) to impress.

Вариант 2.

Choose the right variant.

1. One can hurt himself while driving
a) fastly; b) faster; c) fast; d) in fast.
2. Mary has a working table with ... surface.
a) smoothness; b) a smooth; c) smoothly; d) a smoothly.
3. Birds are singing, the sun is shining
a) brightly; b) bright; c) a brightly; d) a bright.
4. Jane remained ... the whole evening. She didn't enjoy herself.
a) boring; b) a bored; c) the bored; d) bored.
5. Elisa became ... after swimming in May.
a) sickly; b) a sick; c) sick; d) sicker.
6. Jane dresses as ... as Susan.
a) bright; b) brightly; c) brighter; d) brightness.

7. Ice-cream is as ... as chocolate.
a) deliciously; b) delicious; c) delicate; d) the delicious.
8. They tasted the substance ... before giving it to their patients.
a) careful; b) care; c) carefully; d) the careful.
9. The flower smells
a) sweetly; b) sweets; c) the sweet; d) sweet.
10. Today it is ... to go to the beach.
a) hot enough; b) enough hot; c) hotly enough; d) enough hotly.
11. Mary's project is.... Everyone wants to participate in it.
a) impressed; b) impressive; c) impression; d) impressioned.
12. It was so ... to know that the show was postponed.
a) disappointing; b) disappointed; c) disappointment; d) disappoint.
13. The city is famous for its ... streets
a) beautiful narrow short; b) narrow short beautiful; c) beautiful short narrow; d) short narrow beautiful.
14. Jane has... hairdress.
a) a love; b) a lovely; c) lively; d) liveliness.
15. This house was ... and Susan didn't want to buy it.
*a) unreasonably expensive; b) unreasonable expensive; c) unreason expensive;
d) unreason expensively.*
16. There is ... anybody in the office on Sunday.
a) hardly; b) hard; c) not hardly; d) not hard.
17. Elisa... goes abroad on holidays. She prefers to stay at home.
a) hardly ever not; b) hard ever; c) hardly ever; d) hard ever not.
18. Everybody wants to be ... independent from relatives.
a) financially; b) financial; c) finance; d) financed.
19. This ... church is among the most famous sights in our city.
a) old big white stone; b) big old white stone; c) old big stone white; d) big white stone old.
20. The professor was not... with the project.
a) satisfying; b) satisfy; c) the satisfied; d) satisfied.

3 курс

TEST 1

Вариант 1

I. Choose the correct synonym to the word.

1. To beg a pardon

a) to thank, b) to fix, c) to apologize, d) to hold

2. To revise

a) to make, b) to do, c) to prepare, d) to work

3. post

a) the system of special things, b) the system of carrying letters and parcels,

c) the system of delivering letters and parcels, d) the system of carrying and delivering letters and parcels

4. A method

a) a class, b) a thing, c) a way, d) a point

II. Choose the correct answer.

5. Is that your son, Judith? What ... lovely baby!

a) -, b) the, c) a, d) an

6. Please take these letters to ... post office.

a) -, b) the, c) a, d) an

7. You should come here again in ... year.

a) a, b) the, c) an, d) -

8. Kevin helped me to cash the money order. I helped him with the report. It's nice to help

a) ourself, b) ourselves, c) each other, d) ours

9. It's better to use your own tools, not

a) my, b) me, c) mine, d) mine's

10. This dessert is the ... one you made last night.

a) sweeter than, b) sweetest, c) sweet as, d) more sweeter than

11. That was ... difficult question in the exam.

a) the least, b) less, c) little difficult, d) the least difficult

12. Мне сказали, что Мэри в Москве.

a) I am told that Mary is in Moscow, b) I was told that Mary was in Moscow

c) They told me that Mary was in Moscow, d) They are telling me that Mary is in Moscow.

13. Я забыл название книги.

a) I have forgotten the title of the book, b) I forgot the title of the book

c) I forget the title of the book, d) I am forgetting the title of the book

14. He ... to go to the dentist because he has toothache.

a) ought, b) must, c) should, d) have

15. ... use your telephone, please, Mr. Taylor?

a) May I, b) Should I, c) Must I, d) Do I have

16. I ... Dick since 1995.

a) *hadn't seen*, b) *didn't see*, c) *haven't seen*, d) *never saw*

17. By the time I got to the station, the train

a) *had left*, b) *was leaving*, c) *is leaving*, d) *left*

18. This time last year she ... for her FCE exam.

a) *prepared*, b) *was preparing*, c) *has prepared*, d) *is preparing*

19. Ronald and Jean ... along a quiet country road in southern England when they saw a bright silver object in the sky.

a) *were driving*, b) *drove*, c) *had driven*, d) *have driven*

20. ... long to write this book?

a) *Did you take*, b) *How much*, c) *Took it*, d) *Did it take you*

21. The prize ... by Jack.

a) *had won*, b) *has won*, c) *was won*, d) *is being won*

III. Complete the dialogue. Choose the correct answer.

22. – What do you think of her?

– I liked her a lot.

a) *She's lovely*, b) *Certainly. Lovely. Why?*, c) *I do certainly*, d) *Certainly of her*.

23. – I must apologize for it.

– That's OK. ...

a) *No matters*, b) *No problems*, c) *What for?*, d) *It doesn't matter*.

24. – Is there a post office in this neighbourhood?

– Yes, there is.

a) *Pardon me*, b) *Excuse me*, c) *Help to me*, d) *Hear!*

IV. 25. Choose the right variant of writing the personal letter.

a)

Street

23 Festivalnaya

St. Petersburg
Russia

Dear Steve,

I'm glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival "New Wave" in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a famous pop singer known for his songs like "Never Let You Go", "Believe". I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I've never been to his concerts but I'd love to.

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London! What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I'd better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

b)

Russia
St. Petersburg
23

Festivalnaya Street

1 October 2009

Dear Steve,

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I'd better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London! What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

I'm glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival "New Wave" in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a famous pop singer known for his songs like "Never Let You Go", "Believe". I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I've never been to his concerts but I'd love to.

All

the best,

Andrew

c)

Street

23 Festivalnaya

St. Petersburg
Russia

1 October 2009

Dear Steve,

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London! What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

I'm glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival "New Wave" in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a

famous pop singer known for his songs like “Never Let You Go”, “Believe”. I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I’ve never been to his concerts but I’d love to.

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I’d better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

All the best,
Andrew

d)
Street

23 Festivalnaya

St. Petersburg

1 October 2009

I’m glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival “New Wave” in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a famous pop singer known for his songs like “Never Let You Go”, “Believe”. I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I’ve never been to his concerts but I’d love to.

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London!

What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I’d better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

All
the best,

Andrew

26. Choose the right way of writing the address.

a) Mr Brown Thomas
England
Flat 5
15 Green Street
Croydon

b) Mr Thomas Brown
Flat 5
15 Green Street
Croydon
England

c) Mr Thomas
Flat 5
Green Street 15

Croydon
England
d) Mr Thomas Brown
England
Croydon
15 Green Street
Flat 5

27. Choose the right variant of writing the letter.

a) 3 Lamson
Place

Cambridge

Great
Britain

7 June
2008
Dear Kathie,
I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived
in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite
anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and
myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time
there.
Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with
great pleasure.
We all look forward to seeing you next month.

Lots
of love,

Samantha

b) 3 Lamson
Place

Cambridge
Great
Britain

Dear Kathie,
Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with
great pleasure.
We all look forward to seeing you next month.

I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Lots

of love,

Samantha

c)

3 Lamson

Place

Cambridge

Great

Britain

Dear Kathie,

I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with great pleasure.

We all look forward to seeing you next month.

d)

3 Lamson

Place

7 June

2008

I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Dear Kathie,

Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with great pleasure.

We all look forward to seeing you next month.

Lots

of love,

Samantha

V. Fill in the gaps in the text with one of the four choices given below. Choose the correct answer.

28.

From the History of Cambridge University

Cambridge is famous 1 the world as one of the oldest university cities in Britain – Oxford, of course, is the other. Its streets are packed with students going about their business on bicycles.

The story of the University began in 1209 when students and scholars 2 the little town of Cambridge after they had walked 60 miles from Oxford. These students had been students in Oxford where was constant trouble between the people living in the town and the students. The one day a student accidentally killed a man of the town. The Mayor arrested three 3 students who were innocent and they 4 death. In protest all the students moved 5, some coming to Cambridge, and so the new University began.

1. a) *trough*, b) *on*, c) *throughout*, d) *out of*
2. a) *arrived in*, b) *reached in*, c) *arrived to*, d) *was arrived at*
3. a) *another*, b) *the other*, c) *others*, d) *other*
4. a) *put it*, b) *were put to*, c) *put to*, d) *were put at*
5. a) *anywhere*, b) *to somewhere*, c) *in nowhere*, d) *elsewhere*

29. Which of the following is not true?

- a) *Cambridge and Oxford are the oldest universities in Britain.*
- b) *You can see a few students going about their business on bicycles in Cambridge.*
- c) *The first students and scholars came to Cambridge 810 years ago.*
- d) *The first students of Cambridge were the former students of Oxford.*

30. How did the story of Cambridge University begin?

- a) *It began as soon as the first settlers of the little town of Cambridge arrived.*
- b) *The story dates back to 1209 when students from London University had to leave it and move to Cambridge.*
- c) *The story of Cambridge University was connected with the events in Oxford 791 years ago when the students there decided to leave the city.*
- d) *The story of Cambridge University began when the Mayor of Oxford asked the students from Oxford University to move to Cambridge.*

31. What do you think about the relations that were among the citizens of Oxford and the students of Oxford University? Which of these words describes it best?

- a) peaceful, b) warlike, c) good-neighbourly, d) diplomatic*
32. What happened in Oxford one day 810 years ago?
- a) One day a student decided to kill a citizen of Oxford and killed him.*
b) Once a citizen of Oxford killed a student.
c) It so happened that student from Oxford University killed a citizen of Oxford – he didn't do it on purpose.
d) the Mayor of Oxford killed a student.
33. What made the students of Oxford University leave Oxford?
- a) The accident that took place in Oxford in 1209 – the arrest and death of innocent students.*
b) The fact that the Mayor arrested the guilty students.
c) Cambridge University was better than Oxford University.
d) The Mayor of Oxford asked them to do it.

TEST 1

Вариант 2

- I. Fill the gaps. In each question, only one of the four answers is correct.**
- My favourite ... at school were history and geography.
a) tasks, b) subjects, c) lessons, d) periods
 - Being able to use computer is an important ... nowadays.
a) license, b) skill, c) qualification, d) degree
 - Cultural ... are general practices found in every culture.
a) institutions, b) events, c) universals, d) programmes
 - Social ... is the ways people act towards one another when they meet.
a) interaction, b) behavior, c) role, d) value
 - The last year has shown a slight ... in the economy.
a) improved, b) improve, c) improvable, d) improvement
 - Is this book yours or ...?
a) she, b) his, c) he, d) her
 - It was the ... sweater in the shop.
a) cheaper, b) most cheapest, c) cheap, d) cheapest
 - Bats and owls generally hunt at ... night.
a) an, b) the, c) a, d) -
 - We'll begin ... the solution of the present-day problems of our enterprise.
a) by, b) with, c) at, d) in
 - You should eat more, ... you'll make yourself ill.
a) if, b) but, c) and, d) or
 - The Queen ... at Windsor Castle yesterday.
a) have arrived, b) arrive, c) is arriving, d) arrived
 - I want you ... me some information.
a) give, b) gives, c) giving, d) to give

13. Sam ... so fast. I think he's going to be a tall guy.
a) is growing from, b) is growing over
c) is growing out, d) is growing up
14. I ... have left my bag in the bus.
a) need, b) ought, c) must, d) should
15. Guest: "... .."
 Hostess: "Oh, I'm glad you enjoyed it."
a) The meal wasn't as bad as I expected, b) The meal was rather good.
c) Enjoy your meal, d) The meal was absolutely delicious.
16. Shop assistant: "Can I help you"
 Customer: "... .."
a) Fine, b) No, that's not necessary,
c) Oh, good. I'm so glad to have met you,
d) No, it's all right, thanks, I'm just looking.
17. Student: "Have you had time to mark my composition?"
 Teacher: "... .."
a) Oh, dear, you look awful, what's the matter with you?
b) Yes, and I do hope you don't mind my saying this but you've made
one or two tiny mistakes.
c) Yes, I have.
d) Yes, it was quite good, and I've underlined the mistakes you've
made.
18. Boss: "Do you see what I mean?"
 Employee: "... .."
a) Yes, do, please, b) Yes, and I don't agree with you.
c) Yes, but I'm not sure I quite agree, d) I don't think so.
19. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland consists
 of
a) five parts, b) four parts, c) two parts, d) three parts
20. How many stripes are there on the US Flag?
a) 13, b) 17, c) 20, d) 31
21. French is an official language in
a) India, b) New Zealand, c) Sweden, d) Canada
22. Bill Gates is a founder of
a) the first entertainment theme park, b) the Metropolitan Museum
c) the largest automobile corporation, d) the Microsoft corporation
- II. 23. Choose the right variant of writing the personal letter.**

a)
 Street

23 Festivalnaya

St. Petersburg
 Russia

Dear Steve,

I'm glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival "New Wave" in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a famous pop singer known for his songs like "Never Let You Go", "Believe". I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I've never been to his concerts but I'd love to.

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London! What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I'd better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

b)

Russia
St. Petersburg
23 Festivalnaya

Street

1 October 2009

Dear Steve,

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I'd better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London! What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

I'm glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival "New Wave" in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a famous pop singer known for his songs like "Never Let You Go", "Believe". I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I've never been to his concerts but I'd love to.

All the best,
Andrew

c)

23 Festivalnaya

Street

St. Petersburg
Russia

1 October 2009

Dear Steve,

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London! What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

I'm glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival "New Wave" in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a famous pop singer known for his songs like "Never Let You Go", "Believe". I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I've never been to his concerts but I'd love to.

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I'd better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

All the best,

Andrew

d)

23

Festivalnaya Street

St. Petersburg

1 October 2009

I'm glad I can help you with your project on famous singers. Well, my favourite singer is Dima Bilan. He made his debut at the festival "New Wave" in 2002 so he has already been singing for six years. Now Dima is a famous pop singer known for his songs like "Never Let You Go", "Believe". I enjoy his songs because of his beautiful voice. Unfortunately, I've never been to his concerts but I'd love to.

Thanks a lot for your letter. Sounds like you had a great time in London!

What impressed you most of all? Did you take any pictures? Were you tired?

Anyway, let me know if you have any other questions. I'd better go now. There is a film starting in a minute. Write soon!

All the best,

Andrew

23. Choose the right variant of writing the letter.

a)

3 Lamson

Place

Cambridge
Great Britain

7 June

2008

Dear Kathie,

I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with great pleasure.

We all look forward to seeing you next month.

Lots

of love,

Samantha

b)
Place

3 Lamson

Cambridge
Great Britain

Dear Kathie,

Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with great pleasure.

We all look forward to seeing you next month.

I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Lots

of love,

Samantha

c)
Place

3 Lamson

Cambridge
Great

Britain

Dear Kathie,

I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and

myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with great pleasure.

We all look forward to seeing you next month.

d)
Place

3 Lamson

7 June 2008

I'm writing to thank you for your lovely birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Andrew, Mark and myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Dear Kathie,

Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with great pleasure.

We all look forward to seeing you next month.

Lots

of love,

Samantha

24. Choose the right way of writing the address.

a) Mr Brown Thomas
England
Flat 5
15 Green Street
Croydon

b) Mr Thomas Brown
Flat 5
15 Green Street
Croydon
England

c) Mr Thomas
Flat 5
Green Street 15
Croydon
England

d) Mr Thomas Brown
England
Croydon
15 Green Street
Flat 5

25. Which address is right?

a) Barlow Patrick
Great Britain
Manchester
2 High Street

c) 2 High Street
Manchester
Great Britain
Patrick Barlow

b) Patrick Barlow
High Street, 2
Great Britain
Manchester

d) Patrick Barlow
2 High Street
Manchester
Great Britain

III. Read the text and do the tasks.

There was a time in England when postage rates (3) were very high. Only rates for newspapers were low. People who had little money but a lot of time sent letters to their friends with newspapers. They made very small pin-pricks (4) under letters and wrote large letters in this way. Soldiers often used this kind of letter, too, to let their families know where they were. A soldier sent home a map with a pin-prick at the place of his dislocation. Their (1) mothers or wives held up those maps to the light and saw where the pin-prick was. The system wasn't very successful because the censors understood everything very quickly. They (2) let the maps go through but first (5) they made hundreds of pin-pricks on them to confuse the people who received them.

27. Choose the best title for the text:

a) *Letters and Newspapers*, b) *Cheap Letters*, c) *Clever Soldiers*, d) *Censors at War*

28. According to the text the newspapers

a) were very expensive, b) were not very successful
c) were used to write letters, d) didn't sell well

29. According to the text soldiers

a) *could always tell where they were*, b) *were stopped by censors*
c) *couldn't use maps*, d) *wrote letters to their families*

30. "Their" (point 1) stands for

a) *soldiers*, b) *censors*, c) *mothers*, d) *wives*

31. "They" (point 2) stands for

a) *soldiers*, b) *pin-pricks*, c) *maps*, d) *censors*

32. "Rates" (point 3) means

a) *changes*, b) *actions*, c) *prices*, d) *numbers*

33. "Pin-pricks" (point 4) means

a) *holes*, b) *letters*, c) *needles*, d) *lines*

34. "First" (point 5) is

a) *a noun*, b) *an adverb*, c) *an adjective*, d) *a preposition*

ТЕСТЫ ДЛЯ ПРОВЕРКИ ПРОМЕЖУТОЧНЫХ ЗНАНИЙ

TEST 1.

Part A.

1. I know how to use ... computer.

a) *a* b) *these* c) *the* d) *an*

2. I don't like milk in ... coffee.
a) ... b) *the* c) *a* d) *these*
3. At the end of ... busy day, sleep is the best tonic.
a) *the* b) *a* c) *this* d) ...
4. We'll go for a walk if Sun comes out.
a) *a* b) ... c) *the* d) *this*
5. Could you give me ... information I asked for in my letter?
a) *the* b) *a* c) *an* d) *these*
6. ... war is a terrible thing.
a) *the* b) ... c) *a* d) *these*
7. I spent very interesting holiday in England.
a) *the* b) *these* c) *a* d) *an*
8. In the end there ... war between two countries.
a) *any* b) *the* c) ... d) *a*
9. ...President is the largest cruise ship in the world.
a) *some* b) *the* c) *a* d) *an*
10. This is going to be fog and ... cold weather all next week.
a) *a* b) ... c) *the* d) *any*
11. Please give me a cup of coffee with ... cream.
a) *a* b) *the* c) ... d) *any*
12. Stella liked her job in London she is hoping to find ... same sort of job in Newcastle.
a) *the* b) *this* c) ... d) *a*
13. This dessert is ... the one you made last night.
a) *sweeter than* b) *sweetest* c) *sweet as* d) *more sweeter than*
14. That was ... question in the exam.
a) *the least* b) *the less* c) *little difficult* d) *the least difficult*
15. I have no idea when
a) *Margaret Thatcher became Prime Minister*
b) *Did Margaret Thatcher become Prime Minister*
c) *Margaret Thatcher did become Prime Minister*

d) *Margaret Thatcher Prime Minister become*

16. I don't know where

- a) *does the word "alphabet" come from*
- b) *the word "alphabet" comes from*
- c) *comes the word "alphabet" from*
- d) *from does the word "alphabet" come*

17. I'm not sure which

- a) *countries does this river flow through*
- b) *through countries does this river flow*
- c) *countries this river flows through*
- d) *does this river countries flow through*

18. Nobody knows what

- a) *went wrong with her last marriage*
- b) *did go wrong with her last marriage*
- c) *did go wrong her last marriage with*
- d) *her last marriage went wrong with*

19. Я не слышал вашего вопроса.

- a) *I don't hear your question*
- b) *I was not hearing your question*
- c) *I didn't hear your question*
- d) *I wasn't heard your question*

20. Я читаю роман "Домби и сын".

- a) *I am reading "Dombey and son"*
- b) *I read "Dombey and son"*
- c) *I have been reading "Dombey and son"*
- d) *I have read "Dombey and son"*

21. Он сделал несколько опытов

- a) *He made some experiments*
- b) *He has made some experiments*
- c) *He makes some experiments*
- d) *He has been making some experiments*

22. She said: "I met him yesterday"

- a) *she said she met him yesterday*
- b) *she said she had met him yesterday*
- c) *she said she had met him the day before*
- d) *she said she was meeting him yesterday*

23. He said: "I am ready"

- a) *he said he was ready*
- b) *he said he is ready*
- c) *he said he had been ready*
- d) *he said he will be ready*

24. - Do you need my help?

- I said: "Do you need my help?"

- a) *Excuse me*
- b) *Pardon me*
- c) *I apologise*
- d) *Pardon*

25. - What time do you get up?

- At 6 I'm an early riser.

- a) *I am*
- b) *p.m.*
- c) *I do*
- d) *a.m.*

26. - How long do your classes last?

- About two

- a) *hours forty*
- b) *hours late*
- c) *hours*
- d) *o'clock*

Part B.

M. – I want {1} tonight. I must let my mother know that I am OK.

G. – You're not a good {2} , are you?

M. - I'm afraid I'm not. I prefer to send a fax, {3} or {4} .

G. – I think {5} will be a good reminder for her.

M. – I think so. I'm off to the {6}.

G. – If you don't mind post these {7} for me.

M. –It's OK.

At the post – office.

C. – What can I do for you?

M. – I want to send a postcard and a {8}.

C. – Have you got an {9}?

M. - No. May I buy it here?

C. – Yes, a {10} for you?

M. It's all the same. I've forgotten my {11}.

C. – You may find it here. Don't forget to write {12}.

M. – Well, just a moment. Is everything all right?

C. – Yes, it's all right.

1. a) to send off a postcard. b) to insure a parcel c) to witness a signature
d) to subscribe for periodicals.
2. a) a sender b) a postman c) a correspondent d) an addressee
3. a) a snail mail letter b) a photo telegram c) e-mail letter d) a money-order
4. a) an urgent telegram b) a letter of attorney c) a parcel d) a postcard
5. a) an envelope b) a credit card c) a greeting postcard d) a bank account
6. a) a service municipal counter b) a local post-office c) a slot-machine

- d) savings bank
7. a) an identity card b) an express telegram c) a letter d) a bank book
8. a) a fax b) e-mail c) a registered letter d) a post-restant letter
9. a) a stamp b) a postbox c) an envelope d) a forwarded letter
10. a) a forwarded letter b) a depositor book c) a stamped or unstamped letter
d) a subscription form
11. a) a mailing code b) an identity card c) a postmark d) a flap
12. a) collected letter b) called for letter c) address of both: sender and addressee
d) insured/registered post.

TEST 2

Part A

1. ... Smiths have a son and a daughter.
a) ... b) *the* c) *a* d) *this*
2. She was the first woman to cross ... Atlantic in a canoe.
a) *a* b) ... c) *that* d) *the*
3. Go down ... Kingston street and turn right into Mill Road.
a) *the* b) *a* c.) *these* d) ...
4. ... two missing explorers have been found safe.
a) ... b) *the* c) *that* d) *some*
5. ... number of reporters were at conference yesterday.
a) *the* b) *this* c) *a* d) ...
6. Close ... window, please.
a) ... b) *a/an* c) *the* d) *this*
7. There is ... map on the wall.
a) ... b) *an/a* c) *the* d) *this*
8. Give me ... your bag, please.
a) ... b) *a/an* c) *the* d) *that*
9. John plays ... guitar badly.
a) *a* b) ... c) *the* d) *this*
10. He is ... first man who passed his exams.
a) *a* b) *the* c) d) *this*

11. The bodies of ... killed were taken away.

- a) ... b) a c) these d) the

12. Мне сказали, что Мэри в Москве.

- a) *I am told that Mary is in Moscow*
b) *I was told that Mary was in Moscow*
c) *They told me that Mary was in Moscow*
d) *They are telling me that Mary is in Moscow.*

13. Я забыл название книги.

- a) *I have forgotten the title of the book*
b) *I forgot the title of the book*
c) *I forget the title of the book*
d) *I am forgetting the title of the book*

14. I wonder who

- a) *did help him to escape*
b) *to escape did him help*
c) *him helped to escape*
d) *helped him to escape*

15. I wonder where

- a) *was he going to fly*
b) *to fly was he going to*
c) *he was going to fly to*
d) *to was he going to fly*

16. Do you know

- a) *what sort of city is Sydney?*
b) *what sort of city Sydney is?*
c) *is Sydney sort of?*
d) *sort of city what is Sydney?*

17. I've no idea when

- a) *the Opera House was Opened*
b) *was the Opera House opened*
c) *opened the Opera House was*
d) *was opened the Opera House*

18. I don't know when

- a) *sailed to the area did Captain Cook*
b) *did Captain Cook sail the area to*
c) *Captain Cook sailed to the area*

d) *Did Captain Cook sail to the area*

19. She said to him: "Do you know them?"

- a) *she asked him do you know them*
- b) *he asked him if he had known them*
- c) *she asked him if he knew them*
- d) *she asked if they know me.*

20. She said: "Come here at once".

- a) *she told him come here at once*
- b) *she told him come there at once*
- c) *she told he was coming at once*
- d) *she told him to come at once*

21. Thanks very much.

- a) *It doesn't matter*
- b) *Not at all, you are welcome*
- c) *Fine, thanks*
- d) *you are not welcome.*

22. - Can I have some soup, please.

- Yes, of course.

- a) *help yourself*
- b) *have got it*
- c) *please yourself*
- d) *additional soup*

23. - Could I have one of your cigarettes?

-

- a) *smoke yourself*
- b) *yourself, please*
- c) *I couldn't*
- d) *help yourself*

24. - I'm sorry!

-

- a) *not at all, you are welcome*
- b) *it doesn't matter*
- c) *not anything special*
- d) *not at all*

25. A: Hello!

B.: Speaking!

- a) *is Susan speaking*
- b) *Susan here*

- c) *Could I speak to Susan please?*
 d) *speaking*

26. A.: Can I speak to Julia, please?
 B.:
 A.: Can I leave a message?
 a) I'm afraid she is out at the moment
 b) Out she is
 c) No Julia, I am here
 d) Julia wants message.

PART B

- H. I'd like to make {1}
 P. Make it from {2}. It's very simple. You {3}.
 H. Oh, I hear {4}.
 P. I see. Insert {5}.
 H. Let me try. I hope the man's there. He should be there. Oh, I hear the buzzing noise.
 P. Insert the coin.
 H. It won't go in.
 P. You are trying to get it into the wrong {6}.
 H. Oh, dear. That's better. But now {7}.
 P. I think you should try again.
 H. Yes, all right. Well ... Well done! {8}. Hallo! I'd like to speak to Mr. Mc. Andrew! {9}.
 P. Well done!
 H. He's there. The girl told me {10}. Oh, what's happened? We seem {11}.
 P. Yes, of course you are. You put your arm {12}.

1. a) a collect call b) a local call c) an operator-assisted call d) a call from cell phone
2. a) a telephone box b) a switchboard c) a private phone d) an answering machine.
3. a) to book a trunk call b) drop the coin c) to cancel the call d) lift the receiver and dial
4. a) the ringing tone b) long notes c) the line is busy d) the line is clear
5. a) your identity card b) your credit card c) your driving license d) coin / phonecard
6. a) a hole b) a post box c) a slot d) a coin - box
7. a) I'm on line b) you are wanted c) line is engaged d) you are through

8. a) hold on b) I'm through c) the line is dead d) I have a telephone installed
9. a) this is Jim Brown speaking b) what's extension c) are you there?
d) speaking
10. a) are you there? b) who shall I say is calling? c) to hold on a minute
d) to book a trunk call
11. a) through b) to have a phone installed c) to have an answering machine
d) to be cut off
12. a) to pay for a minute b) punch the number c) to answer the pager
d) down on the receiver.

TEST 3

1. ... Grants are the couple with whom we are negotiating
a) ... b) *the* c) *this* d) *some*
2. Lake Erie is one of the Five Great Lakes in ... North America.
a) ... b) *the* c) *a* d) *this*
3. Are you ... bad sailor ? - she asked.
a) *the* b) ... c) *a* d) *some*
4. The parcel came by ... post.
a) *a* b) *the* c) ... d) *this*
5. During his trip round ... world he died.
a) *a* b) *the* c) ... d) *this*
6. Robert is ... only man for this position.
a) *the* b) *a/an* c) ... d) *this*
7. Everybody knows that ... Vikings were great journeyers.
a) *a/an* b) *the* c) ... d) *some*
8. What ... moment!
a) *a/an* b) *the* c) ... d) *about this*
9. It happened ... few years later.
a) *the* b) ... c) *a/an* d) *these*
10. He was possessed by ... envy and ... frustration.
a) *an - a* b) *the - the* c) *an - the* d) - ...
11. I understood and loved ... cultural atmosphere of an ancient Europe.
a) *a. the* b) *a/an* c) d) *this*
12. captain Cook discovered Australia in 18th century.
a) *a/an* b) *the* c) ... d) *this*
13. Mary is my best friend.
a) *a/an* b) ... c) *the* d) *any*
14. I wonder
a) *what my younger brother is doing now*
b) *what is my younger brother doing*
c) *what does my younger brother do now*

- d) *what is doing my younger brother*
15. I'm not sure
a) *who'll be elected president*
b) *who'll be elect president*
c) *who elect president*
d) *president who will be elected*
16. I don't know
a) *where is the phone – book*
b) *the phone – book where is*
c) *where the phone – book is*
d) *the phone – book where is*
17. He
a) *isn't staying there in March*
b) *isn't staying in March there*
c) *there isn't staying in March*
d) *is staying not there in March*
18. She asked him
a) *how much did he expect to earn*
b) *how much he expected to earn*
c) *how he will expect to earn*
d) *how many he expected to earn*
19. Do you happen to know ... ?
a) *what time tourist offices open*
b) *time what tourist offices open*
c) *what time tourist offices open*
d) *what do tourist offices open time*
20. Do you know ?
a) *are we allowed to smoke*
b) *if can we smoke*
c) *whether we allowed to smoke*
d) *whether aren't we allowed to smoke*
21. The weather forecast said that
a) *it will rain in the afternoon*
b) *it would rain in the afternoon*
c) *it rains in the afternoon*
d) *it will be raining in the afternoon*
22. Tom said that he
a) *has never been in Disneyland*
b) *had never been to Disneyland*
c) *was never been in Disneyland*
d) *was never been to Disneyland*
23. Your food
a) *is still being prepared*
b) *is been prepared*

- c) *has still been prepared*
 d) *will prepare*
24. Goods..... at customs – house.
 a) *examined* b) *are examining* c) *examines* d) *are examining*
25. Your drinks in a moment.
 a) *will be brought* b) *will bring* c) *brought* d) *would brings*
- 26.- My name is Celia Tvinant.
 -
 a) *What a pleasure* b) *Very happy* c) *It's my pleasure* d) *I'm pleased to meet you.*

PART B

Choose the correct word

What goods do we buy at the following shops.

1. At the jeweller's:
 - a) *scent, eye shade, hand cream*
 - b) *knife, screw, watering – can*
 - c) *ring, ear-rings, necklace, candlestick*
2. At the chine shop:
 - a) *pendant, silverware, candlestick*
 - b) *cups, plates, vases, teapots*
 - c) *records*
 - d) *vacuum cleaner, bulb, dish – washer*
3. At the stationery:
 - a) *living room suite, cabinet*
 - b) *paperback, post stamp, greeting card*
 - c) *drawing pin, paper clip, blotting paper*
 - d) *shirt, suit, vest*
4. At the haberdasher's:
 - a) *scissors, tape, ribbons*
 - b) *boots, shoes, slippers*
 - c) *records*
 - d) *milk, cheese, cottage cheese*
5. At the newsagent's:
 - a) *eye-shade, lipstick, nail laque*
 - b) *pen, pencils, pins, clips, rulers*
 - c) *stamps, postcards, newspapers*
 - d) *necklace, weeding ring, bracelate*
6. At the chemist's:
 - a) *perfume, medicine, pills, mixtures*
 - b) *dresses, underclothes, skirt*

- c) *books*
- d) *needle, ribbon, buttons*
- 7. At the grocery's:
 - a) *butter, flour, tinned and frozen foods*
 - b) *blouse, jeans, skirts, dresses*
 - c) *roses, tulips, wreaths*
 - d) *clips, pins, rulers, rubbers*
- 8. At the fruiterer's
 - a) *cheese, milk, eggs*
 - b) *cabbage, radish, green peas*
 - c) *grapes, apples, cherry, oranges*
 - d) *ginger, vanilla, vinegar.*
- 9. At the butcher's:
 - a) *pine-apple, bananas, melon*
 - b) *trout, carp, bream, pike*
 - c) *wheat, buck wheat, rice, corn*
 - d) *beef, pork, veal, sausage*
- 10. At the fishmonger's:
 - a) *bream, pike, salmon, trout*
 - b) *chicken, turkey, goose*
 - c) *ham, sausage, salami*
 - d) *socks, stockings, tights*
- 11. At the baker's
 - a) *wheat, corn, buck wheat*
 - b) *pork, veal, mutton*
 - c) *bream, carp, salmon, trout*
 - d) *white bread, brown bread*
- 12. At the florist's:
 - a) *turkey, rabbit, duck, goose*
 - b) *roses, tulips, wreaths, bouquets*
 - c) *cucumber, tomato, beet, potatoes*
 - d) *sour milk, milk, butter, cheese.*

4 кype
Test 1

Choose the correct variant

1. Great Britain is separated from the Continent by...
 - a) *the Irish Sea*
 - b) *The English Channel*
 - c) *the Pacific Ocean*
 - d) *the Thames*
2. The British climate is rather....
 - a) *rainy*
 - b) *dry*
 - c) *cold*
 - d) *severe*
3. The Southern Uplands are situated in
 - a) *Wales*
 - b) *England*
 - c) *Northern Ireland*
 - d) *Scotland*
4. ... are famous for the beauty of their 16 lakes.
 - a) *The Cambrian Mountains*
 - b) *The Cheviot Hills*
 - c) *The Pennines*
 - d) *The Cumbrian Mountains*
5. ... mountain in Scotland is Ben Nevis.
 - a) *Loftiest*
 - b) *The loftiest*
 - c) *More loftier*
 - d) *Loft*
6. The seas ... the British Isles are shallow.
 - a) *surrounded*
 - b) *surround*
 - c) *to surround*
 - d) *surrounding*
7. What part ... GB divided into?
 - a) *are*
 - b) *is*
 - c) *be*
 - d) *is being*
8. In the west we can see the Cambrian Mountains ... the great part of Wales.
 - a) *occupying*
 - b) *occupied*
 - c) *to occupy*
 - d) *having occupied*
9. Many rivers of GB have been ... with each other by means of canals.

- a) *connecting*
 - b) *connected*
 - c) *connect*
 - d) *to connect*
10. ... the north there are the Cheviot Hill.
- a) *To*
 - b) *At*
 - c) *In*
 - d) *From*
11. The Severn is 210 miles ... length.
- a) *on*
 - b) *at*
 - c) *through*
 - d) *in*
12. One ... find here both a low-lying land and hilly areas.
- a) *can*
 - b) *must*
 - c) *has to*
 - d) *is to*
13. Being comparatively small Britain is ... for a variety of scenery.
- a) *known*
 - b) *knew*
 - c) *being known*
 - d) *to know*
14. The surface of ... Eastern England is flat.
- a) *the*
 - b) *a*
 - c) *—*
 - d) *one*

Choose the best answer in the following situation:

15. Guest: ...
 Hair-dresser: I'm glad you liked it.
- a) *Oh, this haircut makes me younger.*
 - b) *I think it is not my style.*
 - c) *Can I have my hair done?*
 - d) *Don't you think I need another style?*
16. Clerk : Can I help you?
 Customer :
- a) *Of course. I'm glad to meet you.*
 - b) *You are mistaken.*
 - c) *I want two tickets for the evening performance.*
 - d) *Yes, please. I'd like to buy a ticket.*
17. Student: Will you tell us the results of test?
 Teacher:

- a) *You should revise the rules.*
 - b) *Be attentive!*
 - c) *Wait a little. I'll do it later.*
 - d) *I don't agree.*
18. Manager: You should go on business tomorrow.
Employee : ...
- a) *I don't think so.*
 - b) *What place shall I go to?*
 - c) *It goes without saying.*
 - d) *OK*

Choose the correct variant.

19. GB is divided into ... parts.
- a) *two*
 - b) *six*
 - c) *three*
 - d) *ten*
20. The capital of Wales is
- a) *Cardiff*
 - b) *Portsmouth*
 - c) *Liverpool*
 - d) *Leeds*
21. ... is the longest river in GB.
- a) *the Thames*
 - b) *the Severn*
 - c) *the Wye*
 - d) *the Avon*
22. ... Hills separate England and Scotland.
- a) *Grampian*
 - b) *Wicklow*
 - c) *Pennines*
 - d) *Cheviot*
23. The emblem of England is ...
- a) *a shamrock*
 - b) *a red rose*
 - c) *a leek*
 - d) *a dragon*
24. Writing a business letter.

Arrange the parts of a letter in correct:

1. The manager,
Hotel International,
Amager Boulevard 162
DK-2300 Copenhagen 5,
Denmark
2. Yours sincerely,

Peter Johnson.
3. 17 Lime Avenue,
York, YO2 1PB
England
29th January, 1982

4. Dear Sir,

5. My family and I stayed at your hotel when we visited Copenhagen last year. We are now planning a second visit during May this year and hope it'll be possible to stay at International again. We require two twin-bedding rooms with baths for six nights from 7th May. We'd like rooms with a view over park again, if possible. Please let me know if a deposit is required.

25. Combine the number and the meaning:

30 Empire Drive
(1) Manchester

(2) MG2PQ

(3) Mr. Graham Davis

Assistant Manager

(4) Transworld Freight plc.

(5) 74 Dockside,

Manchester (6) M157BJ

A) the addressee's company name

B) the street name in the mailing address

C) the ZIP code in the mailing address

D) the town the letter comes from

E) the addressee

F) the ZIP code in return address

26. Define the type of the letter

... We have heard from the British Embassy in Paris that you are producing for export hand-made shoes and gloves in natural materials.

Will you please send us your catalogue and full details of your export prices and terms of payment together with samples of leathers used in your articles and, if possible, specimens of some of the articles themselves.

a) contract

b) Memo

c) CV

d) Letter of enquiry/request

Text

The Climate

1. Like the scenery, the climate is not remarkable. The winters are mild and the summers not particularly warm, judged by Continental standards. A joker once said that the English climate was the best in the world, but the

weather was terrible. The weather is certainly rather unpredictable, and yet in a way this gives it a charm of its own – which you may not appreciate if you are caught in a shower of rain without a waterproof, or find yourself driving in a thick fog along the M1.

2. Why is the climate so mild, even though the British Isles are situated as far north as, for example, Labrador? One reason is the Gulf Stream, and prevailing westerly winds (or south-westerly) from the Atlantic, and another is the fact that Britain is an island.

3. The result is that on practically every day of the year, in every season, English people have always been able to spend part of the time out of doors. And perhaps it explains why the English are so fond of games and have invented so many different ways of amusing themselves in the open air. It certainly explains why they build their houses the way they do. Snow and frost are not the permanent feature of the winter scene to most Englishmen, nor is it ever so warm in summer that people have to take a siesta, as they do, for instance, in Italy and Spain.

4. The Britons do, however, tend to fool themselves a little about the prevailing mildness of the climate. Very occasionally an easterly wind from the Continent brings a cold type of weather which may persist for several days or weeks. This is when the water-pipes always freeze because

of outside plumbing (a foreigner who timidly suggests that it would be more sensible to build houses with internal plumbing gets the maddening answer that it is much easier to have the water-pipes on the outside so that they are accessible when do freeze).

5. Perhaps the most typically English season is spring, when the country is putting on its gay coat of colours after the grabness of winter. Foreigners are astonished at the beauty of the parks, the greenness of the fields and soft colours that are part of this season, which is the theme of so much of England's best known poetry, from the Elizabethan "Sweet lovers love the spring" to Browning's "Oh to be in England now that April's there".

Define if the statement:

27. The weather is difficult to be foreseen.

- a) *no information*
- b) *true*
- c) *false*

28. The climate is mild because of the surface.

- a) *no information*
- b) *true*
- c) *false*

29. The architects design the projects of houses with the internal plumbing.

- a) *no information*
- b) *true*

- c) *false*
30. Foreigners enjoy the beauty of the Lake District.
- a) *no information*
- b) *true*
- c) *false*
31. **Point out what part of the text (1,2,3,4,5) corresponds to the following phrase:**
- The English invented a great number of out-of-door activities.
32. **Point out what part of the text (1,2,3,4,5) corresponds to the following phrase:**
- The English get no idea of changing the construction of the house.
33. **Choose the correct answer to the question:**
- Why is the climate mild?
- a) *The first reason is the winds from the Atlantic, the second one – the geographical position.*
- b) *The weather is rather unpredictable.*
- c) *The Britons tend to fool themselves about the climate.*
- d) *The English spring is beautiful.*
34. **Define the main idea of the text.**
- a) *The Britons grumble about the climate.*
- b) *The geographical position and the Gulf Stream influence the climate of GB.*
- c) *The English are fond of games.*
- d) *The climate is not remarkable.*

Test 2

Choose the correct variant:

1. Great Britain is separated from the Continent by
 - a) *the Irish sea*
 - b) *the English Channel*
 - c) *the Pacific Ocean*
 - d) *the Thames*
2. Warm winds blowing from ... largely determine the British climate.
 - a) *the Atlantic*
 - b) *the Continent*
 - c) *the north*
 - d) *the east*
3. The Southern Uplands are situated in
 - a) *Wales*
 - b) *England*
 - c) *Northern Ireland*
 - d) *Scotland*
4. The British climate is rather
 - a) *rainy*
 - b) *dry*
 - c) *cold*
 - d) *severe*

5. What influences the climate in Britain most of all is ...

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| <i>a) the continent</i> | <i>c) the Gulf Stream</i> |
| <i>b) the Arctic Ocean</i> | <i>d) the Irish Sea</i> |

Choose the correct variant:

Several US presidents _____ 6 _____ but only one British Prime Minister. This was Spenser Perceval who _____ 7 _____ in the lobby of the House of Commons in 1812. His _____ 8 _____ was John Bellingham, a bankrupt businessman. Bellingham was angry _____ 9 _____ the government because he _____ 10 _____ bankrupt. He _____ 11 _____ and _____ 12 _____ in prison while he _____ 13 _____ business in Russia. Perceval _____ 14 _____ almost immediately and Bellingham _____ 15 _____ within a week.

- | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| 6. | <i>a) was shot</i> | <i>c) has been shot</i> |
| | <i>b) have been shot</i> | <i>d) are shot</i> |
| 7. | <i>a) is shot</i> | <i>c) was shot</i> |
| | <i>b) were shot</i> | <i>d) have been shot</i> |
| 8. | <i>a) murder</i> | <i>c) murderer</i> |
| | <i>b) adviser</i> | <i>d) partner</i> |
| 9. | <i>a) with</i> | <i>c) on</i> |
| | <i>b) for</i> | <i>d) about</i> |
| 10. | <i>a) go</i> | <i>c) had gone</i> |
| | <i>b) goes</i> | <i>d) had been gone</i> |
| 11. | <i>a) has arrested</i> | <i>c) arrested</i> |
| | <i>b) has been arrested</i> | <i>d) was arrested</i> |
| 12. | <i>a) put</i> | <i>c) took</i> |
| | <i>b) putted</i> | <i>d) send</i> |
| 13. | <i>a) had done</i> | <i>c) was done</i> |
| | <i>b) was doing</i> | <i>d) had been doing</i> |
| 14. | <i>a) dead</i> | <i>c) have died</i> |
| | <i>b) was died</i> | <i>d) died</i> |
| 15. | <i>a) was hanged</i> | <i>c) was hung</i> |
| | <i>b) will be hanged</i> | <i>d) was hanging</i> |

16. - Do you think you could translate these articles for week?

-

a) *Yes, certainly*

c) *No, I can't*

b) *I am afraid I can't*

17. - Would you like to come out with me tonight?

-

a) *I'm sorry, I can't*

c) *Certainly not*

b) *No, I wouldn't*

18. - Could I ask you two questions if you don't mind?

- ...

a) *No, of course not*

c) *Well, I'd prefer you not to if you don't mind*

b) *No, it's not all right*

19. - You are late for the lecture again!

-

a) *Sorry! I can't tell you how sorry I am.*

b) *Why shouldn't I?*

c) *Sorry, I apologize.*

20. **Arrange the parts of the letter:**

1. I'm writing in connection with your advertisement in the Daily Observer newspaper for a post as shop assistant.

2. Please could send me the application form.

3. Dear Sir

4. Yours faithfully

Mr. R. Smith

21. **Define the type of the letter:**

Muriel Mc Iver arrives half an hour late for work every day.

She should start at 9.30.

Please tell her.

a) *MEMO*

b) *CV*

c) *invitation*

22. **Which address is right:**

a) *Barlow Patrick*

Great Britain

Manchester

2 High Street

b) *2 High Street*

Manchester

Great Britain
Patrick Barlow
c) Patrick Barlow
2 High Street
Manchester
Great Britain

23. Where are the Crown Jewels kept?

- a) Buckingham Palace* *c) the Bank of England*
b) the Tower of London

24. What is 'the Globe' in London?

- a) the Largest department store in Europe* *c) the Shakespearean theatre*
b) Cockney rhyming slang for 'hope'

25. Who gave London its first name?

- a) the Egyptians* *c) the Romans*
b) the Greeks

26. Where can you make a speech in Hyde Park?

- a) Poet's Corner* *c) Revolutionary Corner*
b) Speaker's Corner

TEXT

1. Elizabeth I was the longest-reigning English monarch in nearly two centuries and the first woman who successfully occupied the English throne. Called Glorianna and Good Queen Bess, Elizabeth enjoyed enormous popularity during her life and became an even greater legend after her death.

Elizabeth's parents were disappointed when she was born. They desperately wanted a son. But Elizabeth eventually became one of England's greatest rulers.

2. Elizabeth's reign was marked by her effective use of Parliament and the Privy Council, a small advisory body of the important state officials. She also developed legal institutions in the English counties. Elizabeth firmly established Protestantism in England. She set up a new Church of England that pleased most of her people.

3. Elizabeth encouraged English enterprise and commerce. During Elizabeth's reign, England expanded trade overseas and as a result the merchant community grew. Private shipbuilding boomed and navigational

advances made long sea voyages safer that led to establishing the first English outposts in North America.

4. In 1587 the Spanish king Philip began organizing an immense naval fleet, the Spanish Armada, for a direct attack upon England. The defeat of the armada was one of the great achievements of Queen Elizabeth I. It established the glory of the English navy and inspired merchants and explorers toward colonization of a wider world.

5. Elizabeth's reign was noted for the English Renaissance. An outpouring of poetry and drama led by William Shakespeare, Edmund Spenser, and Christopher Marlowe remains unsurpassed in English literary history. She was the last of the Tudor monarchs, never marrying or producing an heir, and was succeeded by her cousin, James VI of Scotland.

Define if the statement:

27. Elizabeth's parents were not happy when she was born.

- a) no information
- b) true
- c) false

28. Elizabeth firmly established Christianity in England.

- a) no information
- b) true
- c) false

29. Elizabeth's reign was marked by the development of arts and culture.

- a) no information
- b) true
- c) false

30. Many ships were built during Elizabeth's reign.

- a) no information
- b) true
- c) false

31. **Point out what part of the text (1,2,3,4,5) corresponds to the following phrase:**

Elizabeth's reign was noted by establishment of the glory of the navy and trade.

32. **Point out what part of the text (1,2,3,4,5) corresponds to the following phrase:**

Elizabeth was pleased with enormous popularity during her life.

33. **Choose the correct answer to the question:**

What was Elizabeth's reign marked by

- a) firmly establishment of Christianity

- b) by her effective use of Parliament and the Privy Council*
- c) by building a lot of ships*

34. Define the main idea of the text.

- a) Elizabeth became one of the England's greatest rulers*
- b) the defeat of the armada was one of the great achievements of Queen Elizabeth*
- c) Elizabeth's reign was noted for the English Renaissance*

5 кype

Test 1

Choose the best variant:

1. In Scotland where there are good ... for winter sports skiing and climbing are very popular.
 - a) *conventions*
 - b) *circumstances*
 - c) *conditions*
2. Since the 1930s Oxford had developed ... as industrial and commercial centre.
 - a) *funnily*
 - b) *rapidly*
 - c) *rarely*
3. More needs to be carried out so that we can cut down the use of harmful chemical in agriculture.
 - a) *knowledge*
 - b) *experience*
 - c) *research*
4. The speed and efficiency of a TV technology ... that when something happens on the other side of the world we can hear about it within hours.
 - a) *expresses*
 - b) *means*
 - c) *put*
5. At the examination she demonstrated ... excellent knowledge of English.
 - a) *hers*
 - b) *and*
 - c) *the*
 - d) *its*
6. A massive green space – Osterley Park – centres around a Tudor Mansion by the same name, built as a country home for Sir Thomas Gresham, Man is in 16th century.
 - a) *the most wealthiest*
 - b) *wealthiest*
 - c) *the wealthiest*
 - d) *the more wealthy*
7. She looked at me ..., but didn't say ...
 - a) *kindly, anything*
 - b) *kind, something*
 - c) *kindly, nothing*
 - d) *kind, anything*
8. Mark was sure to get acknowledged as he worked

- a) *hardly*
 - b) *hardly enough*
 - c) *too hardly*
 - d) *hard enough*
9. Average life expectancy in Europe dramatically over the last hundred years.
- a) *had risen*
 - b) *has risen*
 - c) *rises*
 - d) *is rising*
10. At first the authorities thought the athlete ... drugs, but they soon realized they ... up the results of the tests.
- a) *had taken, had mixed*
 - b) *took, have mixed*
 - c) *taking, mixed*
 - d) *has been taken, had mixed*
11. I really hate those cartoons where Tom ... Jerry.
- a. *has always chasing*
 - b. *is always chasing*
 - c. *always chase*
 - d. *is being chased*
12. She gave ... waiting ... the landlord to repair the roof and paid for it.
- a. *up, for*
 - b. *in, to*
 - c. *with, for*
 - d. *up, -*
13. Sometimes when his aunt sent him off to school he would go part of the way and then turn ... and go to the river to swim or fish instead.
- a. *aside*
 - b. *outside*
 - c. *inside*
14. The United Kingdom is very small ... countries in the world.
- a. *compared with*
 - b. *depending on*
 - c. *taking*
15. Whether you are a flower fanatic or simply love... outdoor attractions London and its outlying areas offer gardens for all tastes.
- a. *exploiting*
 - b. *exploring*
 - c. *exploding*

Complete the dialogues:

16. Guest:

Hostess: Oh, I'm glad you enjoyed it.

- a. *The meal wasn't as bad as I expected.*
- b. *The meal was rather good.*
- c. *Enjoy your meal.*
- d. *The meal was absolutely delicious.*

17. Shop assistant: Can I help you?

Customer: ...

- a. *Fine.*
- b. *No, that's not necessary.*
- c. *Oh, good. I'm so glad to have met you.*
- d. *No, it's all right, thanks. I'm just looking.*

18. Student: Have you had time to mark my composition?

Teacher:

- a. *Oh, dear, you look awful, what's the matter with you?*
- b. *Yes, and I do hope you don't mind my saying this but you've made one or two tiny mistakes.*
- c. *Yes, I have.*
- d. *Yes, it was quite good, and I've underlined the mistakes you've made.*

19. Boss: Do you see what I mean?

Employee:

- a. *a. Yes, do please.*
- b. *Yes, and I don't agree with you.*
- c. *Yes, but I'm not sure I quite agree.*
- d. *I don't think so.*

Choose the correct answer:

20. What is the school leaving age in the United Kingdom?

- a. *16*
- b. *13*
- c. *18*

21. Which of the following stages of British education is not obligatory?

- a. *nursery school*
- b. *primary school*
- c. *secondary school*

22. What is the top secondary school in Great Britain?

- a. *Chiswick Community School*
- b. *Eton*
- c. *Harrow*

23. What is the highest mark in British schools?

- a. *A*
- b. *C*

- c. *G*
24. Further education comprises ...
- a. *comprehensive schools*
 - b. *universities and colleges of higher education*
 - c. *work-related courses and colleges that do not provide higher education*

25. Define the type of a letter:

DR WILSON REGRETS CANNOT ACCEPT YOUR INVITATION

- a) *telegram*
- b) *resume*
- c) *application*

26. Choose the right way of writing the address:

- a) *Mr Brown Thomas*
England
Flat 5
15 Green Street
Croydon
- b) *Mr Thomas Brown*
Flat 5
15 Green Street
Croydon
England
- d. *Mr Thomas*
Flat 5
Green Street 15
Croydon
England

27. Arrange the letter in correct order:

- 1. Dear Kathie
- 2. 3 Lamson Place
Cambridge
Great Britain
7 June 2008

3. I'm writing to thank you for your birthday card. It arrived in the morning of the big day. Since it was Monday I didn't invite anyone to come to my place. Instead Jane, Mark and Andrew and myself went to a small café next door and had a wonderful time there.

Jane asked me to say hello to you when I write. I'm doing it with great pleasure.

- 4. Lots of love
Samantha
- 5. We all look forward to seeing you next month.

Read the text and do the tasks below:

ATLANTIC COLLEGE

Last week I went to visit Atlantic College, an excellent private college in Wales. Unusually it gives young people much needed experience of life outside the classroom as well as the opportunity to study for their exams. The students who are aged between 16 and 18 and from all over the world spend the morning studying. In the afternoon they go out and do a really useful activity, such as helping on the farm, looking after people with learning difficulties, or checking for pollution in rivers.

One of the great things about Atlantic College students is that they come from many different social backgrounds and countries. As few can afford the fees of 20,000 pounds over two years, grants are available. A quarter of the students are British and many of those can only attend because they receive government help.

‘I really admire the college for trying to encourage international understanding among young people’, as Barbara Molenkamp, a student from the Netherlands, said. ‘You learn to live with people and respect them even the ones you don’t like. During the summer holidays my mother couldn’t believe how much less I argued with my sister’.

To sum up Atlantic College gives its students an excellent education using methods which really seem to work.

28. What is the writer trying to do in the text?

- a) *give an opinion about a particular student*
- b) *give an opinion about a special type of education*
- c) *describe the activities the students do in their free time*
- d) *describe his own experience of education*

29. What can a reader find out from the text?

- a) *how to become a student at Atlantic College*
- b) *what kind of programme Atlantic College offer*
- c) *what the British education system is like*
- d) *how to get along better with other people*

30. What is the writer’s opinion of Atlantic College?

- a) *It doesn’t allow students enough study time.*
- b) *Its students are taught to like each other.*
- c) *It doesn’t give good value for money.*
- d) *Its way of teaching is successful.*

31. How has Barbara changed since being at Atlantic College?

- e) *She knows a lot about other countries.*
- f) *She is confident than her sister now.*
- g) *She finds it easier to get on with other people.*
- h) *She prefers her new friends to her family.*

32. Which advertisement uses correct information about Atlantic College?

- a) *Study at Atlantic College.*
Courses for 16-18 years old.

- Lessons all morning,
Sport in the afternoon.*
- b) *Study at Atlantic College*
Courses for 16-18 years old
Morning lessons and
Afternoon activities.
Help with fees available.
- c) *Study at Atlantic College.*
Classes on international topics.
Many free places available.
Students of all ages welcome.

TEST 2

Choose the best variant:

1. She looked down out of the window and saw on the garden ... her husband and with him a boy of 17 or so.
a) *path*
b) *trend*
c) *patch*
2. Newspapers come out all the time to ... people with the fresh and objective news.
a) *tell*
b) *provide*
c) *divide*
3. Most people except that something has to be ... about over-population.
a) *made*
b) *done*
c) *produced*
4. Olympic Airways announces the arrival of ... OA 269 from Athens.
a) *route*
b) *plane*
c) *flight*
5. When I was out I passed... young couple with two little girls and ... boy.
a) *the, a*
b) *a, a*
c) *-, -*
d) *The, the*
6. ... horn is one of ... most difficult orchestral instruments to play.
a) *a, a*
b) *the, the*
c) *-, -*
d) *- , the*
7. She refused to have ... to do with her family now.

- a) *anything*
 - b) *something*
 - c) *nothing*
 - d) *many*
8. I was worried about my garden while I was in hospital, but I have very good neighbours. When I got home I could see that the vegetables ... every day and the grass... regularly.
- a) *were watered, was cut*
 - b) *are watered, is cut*
 - c) *had been watered, had been cut*
 - d) *have been watered, has been cut*
9. Paul... from earache since the weekend. He ... to the doctor twice, but it is still no better.
- a) *suffers, was*
 - b) *has been suffering, has been*
 - c) *suffered, has been*
 - d) *is suffering, was*
10. Mary .. in Japan for two years. She is working there and ... it very much.
- a) *was, likes*
 - b) *has been, likes*
 - c) *is, is liking*
 - d) *has been, is liking*
11. Your money could ... to good use instead of ... idle in the Bank.
- a) *be put, being left*
 - b) *put, to be left*
 - c) *to be put, being left*
 - d) *have put, to be left*
12. Tom Sawyer was not always as good as a boy as he.. .
- a) *has been*
 - b) *might have been*
 - c) *ought to be*
 - d) *should be*
13. I hope Grace isn't going to spend the rest of her life longing ... that red-haired boy.
- a) *with*
 - b) *to*
 - c) *for*
 - d) *by*
14. He really objects to ... so much noise.
- a) *she makes*
 - b) *she is making*
 - c) *her making*
 - d) *her to make*

15. Choose the best answer in the following situation:

Guest- ...

Tailor – I'm glad you liked it.

- a) *Oh, this suit makes me younger.*
- b) *I think it is not my style.*
- c) *Can I have my suit made?*
- d) *Don't you think I need another style?*

16. Clerk – Can I help you?

Customer

- a) *Of course. I'm glad to meet you.*
- b) *You are mistaken.*
- c) *I want three tickets for the 7.30 train.*
- d) *Yes, please. I'd like to buy tickets.*

17. Student. – Will you repeat us the rule again?

Teacher - ...

- a) *You should revise the rule.*
- b) *Be attentive.*
- c) *Wait a little. I'll do it later.*
- d) *I don't agree.*

18. Manager- You should begin the project tomorrow.

Employee - ...

- a) *I don't think so.*
- b) *What project shall I begin?*
- c) *It goes without saying.*
- d) *OK.*

19. Choose the correct answer:

What is the first degree awarded by universities?

- a) *a doctor's degree*
- b) *a bachelor's degree*
- c) *a master's degree*

20. At a British university or college a tutor is ...

- a) *person who examines students and gives them marks*
- b) *a person who the highest rank of the teachers in a department and delivers lectures*
- c) *a member of a staff who teaches small groups of students and gives them help and advice.*

21. What do we call the following pattern of tuition: six months in college and six months in industry?

- a) *'sandwich' courses*
- b) *further education*
- c) *full time tuition*

22. Choose the right variant of address:

- a) Mr J.D. Barney
9, High Street

London
WIM4AA
b) High Street 9
London
WIM4AA
Mr J..Barney
c) Mr J.D.Barney
High Street 9
WIM4AA
London

23. Define the type of the letter:

Dear Sir,

We understand from the British Embassy here that you are a leading manufacturer of plastic travel goods. We are interested in purchasing a quantity of overnight bags and travel document wallets.

Will you please send us your catalogue, with full details of your export prices. We should appreciate any samples that you can let us have.

We look forward to having your early reply.

Yours faithfully.

S. Sakwiat

Manager

- a) *Invitation letter*
- b) *Request*
- c) *CV*
- d) *MEMO*

24. Arrange the parts of the letter:

1. The manager

Hotel International,
Amager Boulevard 162
DK-2300 Copenhagen 5,
Denmark

2. Yours sincerely,

Peter Johnson

3. My family and I stayed at your hotel when we visited Copenhagen last year. We are now planning a second visit during May this year and hope it'll possible to stay at International again. We require two twin-bedding rooms with baths for six nights from 7th May. We'd like rooms with a view over park again, if possible. Please let me know if a deposit is required.

4. Dear Sir,

25. Read the text and do the tasks:

At School.

State (non fee-paying) schools.

1. Elizabeth was visiting a big new secondary school. In one class the pupils were working in small groups. They examined original copies of documents. "We're teaching the pupils to find out about history themselves instead of getting it second-hand from books", the head master explained.

2. During the break Elizabeth stood in the playground and watched children. The younger ones were playing. The other students stood in groups chattering. A group of 16 year old was walking out of school gate with a teacher.

"They are going to visit a factory to see how computers are used in the design process".

3. The day before Elizabeth has visited a school in a really tough district found it difficult to make the children learn anything. The first things she had noticed was the badly-spelled graffiti on many of the walls. In the first classroom thirty children sat in rows. The teacher was writing a list of important historical dates on the blackboard and the children had to learn them by heart.

Most of them looked bored. The headmaster showed Elizabeth a part of school that had been destroyed by fire. The fire had been stopped by a boy of fifteen.

4. Both the schools that she visited were state schools but the differences between them are not surprising for two reasons. First, one school was in a prosperous area of Southern England, while the other was in an area with many social problems.

5. Secondly, education in Britain is not as centralized as it is in many other countries. The Central Department of Education and Science in London guides, advises and inspects, but England and Wales are divided into 82 independent Local Educational Authorities. Much of the guidance and organization of education is done by these Local Authorities. Each School also has a board of unpaid governors or managers who are Local people. They and the teachers have a certain amount of freedom to decide how children are taught.

Define if the statement:

Elizabeth was visiting a big new state school.

- a) *no information*
- b) *true*
- c) *false*

26. Define if the statement:

They are going to visit a factory of producing computers.

- a) *no information*
- b) *true*
- c) *false*

27. Define if the statement:

Elizabeth visited some lessons at school in a really tough district.

- a) *no information*
- b) *true*
- c) *false*

28. Choose the false answer to the question:

What are the differences between two schools?

- a) *the school is in a prosperous area*
- b) *the school is in an area with many social problems*
- c) *there are no difference between two schools*

29. Point out what part of the text (1,2,3,4,5) corresponds to the following phrase:

Education in Britain is not as centralized as it is in many other countries.

30. Point out what part of the text (1,2,3,4,5) corresponds to the following phrase:

She had noticed the badly-spelled graffiti on many of the walls.

31. Choose the correct answer to the question:

Why did the teachers find it difficult to make the children learn?

- a) *the school is situated in a really tough district*
- b) *the children looked bored*
- c) *the teachers are poorly educated*

32. Answer the question:

What are the functions of central Department of Education and Science in London?

- a) *to guide, advise and inspect*
- b) *to inspect*
- d) *to train teachers*

33. Define the main idea of the text:

- a) *Elizabeth visits state schools*
- b) *educational process is different in state schools of London*
- c) *education in London is centralized*

The Keys

PRONOUNS AND DETERMINERS

Вариант 1. Key: 1) c; 2) b; 3) a; 4) d; 5) c; 6) b; 7) b; 8) c; 9) d; 10) a; 11) b; 12) a; 13) c; 14) b; 15) a; 16) a; 17) c; 18) a; 19) b; 20) d

Вариант 2. Key: 1) a; 2) c; 3) b; 4) a; 5) d; 6) c; 7) c; 8) b; 9) a; 10) c; 11) a; 12) a; 13) d; 14) c; 15) c; 16) b; 17) a; 18) b; 19) d; 20) a

TENSES

TEST 1

Вариант 1. Key: 1) d; 2) b; 3) c; 4) a; 5) b; 6) c; 7) c; 8) a; 9) a; 10) d; 11) c; 12) d; 13) b; 14) c; 15) b; 16) a; 17) c; 18) c; 19) b; 20) a.

Вариант 2. Key: 1) b; 2) b; 3) a; 4) a; 5) b; 6) d; 7) a; 8) b; 9) c; 10) b; 11) a; 12) c; 13) b; 14) d; 15) b; 16) c; 17) c; 18) d; 19) a; 20) c

TEST 2

Вариант 1. Key: 1) b; 2) c; 3) a; 4) a; 5) d; 6) b; 7) a; 8) c; 9) b; 10) a; 11) d; 12) c; 13) a/ c; 14) d; 15) b; 16) a; 17) c; 18) c; 19) a; 20) d

Вариант 2. Key: 1) b; 2) a; 3) c; 4) d; 5) a; 6) c; 7) b; 8) c; 9) a; 10) d; 11) a; 12) a; 13) b; 14) a; 15) d; 16) b; 17) d; 18) a; 19) a; 20) c

PERFECT TENSES

TEST

Вариант 1. Key: 1) d; 2) a; 3) c; 4) d; 5) d; 6) c; 7) d; 8) a; 9) d; 10) b; 11) a; 12) b; 13) d; 14) b; 15) a; 16) a; 17) c; 18) c; 19) b; 20) d

Вариант 2. Key: 1) b; 2) a; 3) b; 4) d; 5) b; 6) d; 7) d; 8) a; 9) a; 10) b; 11) a; 12) d; 13) c; 14) c; 15) d; 16) c; 17) c; 18) a; 19) a; 20) a

MODAL VERBS

TEST 1

Вариант 1. Key: 1) a; 2) c; 3) b; 4) b/d; 5) a; 6) c; 7) b; 8) d; 9) a; 10) b; 11) c; 12) d; 13) b; 14) a; 15) c/d; 16) b; 17) d; 18) a; 19) b; 20) b

Вариант 2. Key: 1) c; 2) c; 3) c; 4) a; 5) b; 6) c; 7) c; 8) b; 9) a; 10) a; 11) b; 12) c; 13) a; 14) b; 15) c; 16) a; 17) b; 18) b; 19) d; 20) c

TEST 2

Вариант 1. Key: 1) b; 2) c; 3) d; 4) b; 5) a; 6) c; 7) d; 8) a; 9) b; 10) b; 11) a; 12) c; 13) d; 14) c; 15) c; 16) d; 17) a; 18) b; 19) a/d; 20) c.

Вариант 2. Key: 1) c; 2) c; 3) c; 4) a; 5) b; 6) c; 7) c; 8) b; 9) a; 10) a; 11) b; 12) c; 13) a; 14) b; 15) c; 16) a; 17) b; 18) b; 19) d; 20) c

CONTINUOUS TENSES

TEST

Вариант 1. Key: 1) c; 2) a; 3) b; 4) b; 5) a; 6) d; 7) c; 8) b; 9) a; 10) c; 11) d; 12) b; 13) c; 14) c; 15) a, b; 16) b; 17) d; 18) a; 19) c; 20) b

Вариант 2. Key: 1) d; 2) c; 3) a; 4) a; 5) c; 6) b; 7) d; 8) c; 9) a; 10) b; 11) d; 12) d; 13) c; 14) b; 15) a; 16) d; 17) b; 18) c; 19) a; 20) d

THE REPORTED SPEECH. THE SEQUENCE OF TENSES.

TEST

Вариант 1. Key: 1) b; 2) a; 3) c; 4) c; 5) a; 6) b; 7) a; 8) a; 9) d; 10) c; 11) b; 12) c; 13) d; 14) a; 15) b; 16) c; 17) c; 18) d; 19) a; 20) b/a

Вариант 2. Key: 1) d; 2) a; 3) b; 4) d; 5) a; 6) d; 7) b; 8) d; 9) a; 10) c; 11) c; 12) d; 13) a; 14) d; 15) a; 16) d; 17) a; 18) d; 19) a; 20) b

THE PASSIVE VOICE

TEST

Вариант 1. Key: 1) a; 2) a; 3) c; 4) d; 5) c; 6) b; 7) d; 8) b; 9) c; 10) c; 11) a; 12) b; 13) a; 14) b; 15) b; 16) b; 17) b; 18) a; 19) c; 20) a

Вариант 2. Key: 1) a; 2) c; 3) b; 4) d; 5) b; 6) a; 7) c; 8) c; 9) b; 10) d; 11) a; 12) b; 13) d; 14) a; 15) c; 16) c; 17) b; 18) c; 19) a; 20) d

PREPOSITIONS AND CONJUNCTIONS

TEST 1

Вариант 1. Key: 1) a; 2) c; 3) d; 4) a; 5) b; 6) c; 7) b/c; 8) d; 9) c; 10) a; 11) c; 12) b; 13) d; 14) c; 15) d; 16) a; 17) b; 18) c; 19) d; 20) b

Вариант 2. Key: 1) d; 2) c; 3) a; 4) c; 5) c; 6) b; 7) d; 8) a; 9) a; 10) a; 11) a; 12) b; 13) c; 14) c; 15) d; 16) d; 17) a; 18) c; 19) c; 20) a

TEST 2

Вариант 1. Key: 1) c; 2) d; 3) d; 4) a; 5) c; 6) b; 7) c; 8) a; 9) b; 10) b; 11) d; 12) a; 13) c/a; 14) d; 15) c; 16) c; 17) a; 18) b; 19) d; 20) b

Вариант 2. Key: 1) c; 2) d; 3) a; 4) c; 5) c; 6) d; 7) a; 8) b; 9) a; 10) c; 11) a; 12) b; 13) b; 14) d; 15) c; 16) b; 17) a; 18) d; 19) a; 20) d

TEST 3

Вариант 1. Key: 1) b; 2) a; 3) c; 4) d; 5) a; 6) b; 7) a; 8) a; 9) c; 10) d; 11) c; 12) a; 13) b; 14) d; 15) d; 16) b; 17) b; 18) c; 19) d; 20) b

Вариант 2. Key: 1) a; 2) c; 3) c; 4) d; 5) b; 6) d; 7) b; 8) a; 9) a; 10) d; 11) c; 12) c; 13) c; 14) a; 15) d; 16) b; 17) b; 18) a; 19) c; 20) d

TEST 4

Вариант 1. Key: 1) a; 2) c; 3) c; 4) a; 5) b; 6) d; 7) c; 8) a; 9) b; 10) a; 11) c; 12) c; 13) d; 14) a; 15) b; 16) c; 17) d; 18) d; 19) b; 20) a

Вариант 2. Key: 1) c; 2) b; 3) d; 4) d; 5) a; 6) b; 7) d; 8) b; 9) c; 10) a; 11) a; 12) b; 13) c; 14) c; 15) b; 16) d; 17) a; 18) c; 19) b; 20) b

PHRASAL VERBS

TEST

Вариант 1. Key: 1) c; 2) b; 3) d; 4) a; 5) c; 6) c; 7) a; 8) b; 9) b; 10) d; 11) b; 12) a; 13) b; 14) d; 15) c; 16) b; 17) c; 18) c; 19) a; 20) c

Вариант 2. Key: 1) a; 2) c; 3) b; 4) a; 5) d; 6) c; 7) c; 8) b; 9) a; 10) c; 11) a; 12) b; 13) d; 14) c; 15) c; 16) b; 17) a; 18) b; 19) d; 20) a

ARTICLES AND NOUNS.

TEST

Вариант 1. Key: 1) c; 2) a; 3) c; 4) c; 5) c; 6) c; 7) a; 8) c; 9) c; 10) c; 11) c; 12) c; 13) b; 14) b; 15) b; 16) c; 17) b; 18) c; 19) c; 20) b

Вариант 2. Key: 1) b; 2) c; 3) b; 4) a; 5) d; 6) c; 7) c; 8) d; 9) a; 10) b; 11) a; 12) d/a; 13) a; 14) b; 15) c; 16) b; 17) c; 18) d; 19) b; 20) a

ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS

TEST

Вариант 1. Key: 1) a; 2) b; 3) c; 4) c; 5) a; 6) a; 7) b; 8) b; 9) c; 10) a; 11) b; 12) c; 13) b; 14) a; 15) a; 16) c; 17) b; 18) a; 19) c; 20) b

Вариант 2. Key: 1) c; 2) b; 3) a; 4) d; 5) c; 6) b; 7) b; 8) c; 9) d; 10) a; 11) b; 12) a; 13) c; 14) b; 15) a; 16) a; 17) c; 18) a; 19) b; 20) d

4 курс

TEST1

Keys: 1) b; 2) a; 3) d; 4) d; 5) b; 6) d; 7) b; 8) a; 9) b; 10) c; 11) d; 12) a; 13) a; 14) c; 15) a; 16) d; 17) c; 18) b; 19) c; 20) a; 21) d; 22) d; 23) 4,5,3,1,2; 24) 1D,2F,3E,4A, 5B, 6C; 25) 4; 26) 1A, 2B, 3C, 4D; 27) b; 28) c; 29) a; 30) a; 31) 3; 32) 4; 33) a; 34) b

TEST 2

Keys: 1) b; 2) a; 3) d; 4) a; 5) c; 6) d; 7) c; 8) c; 9) a; 10) c; 11) d; 12) a; 13) b; 14) d; 15) c; 16) b; 17) a; 18) c; 19) b; 20) 3,1,2,4; 21) a; 22) c; 23) b; 24) c; 25) c; 26) b; 27) b; 28) c; 29) b; 30) a; 31) 4; 32) 1; 33) b; 34) a

5 Курс

Test 1 Keys: 1) c; 2) b; 3) c; 4) b; 5) c; 6) c; 7) a; 8) d; 9) b; 10) a; 11) b; 12) a; 13) a; 14) a; 15) b; 16) d; 17) d; 18) d; 19) c; 20) a; 21) a; 22) b; 23) a; 24) c; 25) a; 26) b; 27) 2,1,3,5,4; 28) b; 29) b; 30) d; 31) c; 32) b

Test 2 Keys: 1) a; 2) b; 3) b; 4) c; 5) b; 6) b; 7) a; 8) c; 9) b; 10) b; 11) a; 12) b; 13) c; 14) c; 15) a; 16) d; 17) c; 18) b; 19) b; 20) c; 21) a; 22) a; 23) b; 24) 1,4,3,2; 25) b; 26) c; 27) a; 28) c; 29) 5; 30) 3; 31) a; 32) a; 33) b

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

ПРЕДИСЛОВИЕ.....	3
1-2 КУРС.....	4
3 КУРС.....	43
4 КУРС.....	68
5 КУРС.....	79
The Keys.....	90

